The Adams Sentinel.

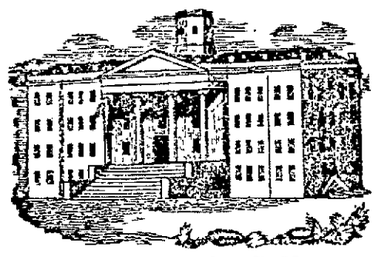
At $2 00 per annum, in advance—
Or $2 50 if not paid within the year.

ROBERT G. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Advertisements, $1 per square for 3 weeks;
25 cents per square for each continuance.

"RESIST WITH CARE THE SPIRIT OF INNOVATION UPON THE PRINCIPLES OF YOUR GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER SPECIOUS THE PRETEXTS."—*Washington.*

VOL. XLVII. GETTYSBURG, PA. MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1846. NO. 1.



Pennsylvania College.

THE Annual Commencement of Pennsylvania College will take place on *Thursday morning, the 17th of September*, the exercises commencing at 9 o'clock. The friends of education, and the public generally, are invited to attend.

D. GILBERT,
Sec'y of Board of Trustees.

Aug. 24. td

Alumni Association.

THE Alumni Association of Pennsylvania College, will meet in the College Chapel, on *Wednesday, September 16th*, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

The Annual Address will be delivered in Christ's Church, on *the Evening of the same day*, at 7 o'clock, by Rev. JAMES L. SCHOCK, of Reading, Pa.

M. L. STOEVER, *Sec'y.*

Aug. 24. td

LITERARY NOTICE.

THE annual Address before the PHRENAKOSMIAN and PHILOMATHEAN Societies of Pennsylvania College, will be delivered in Christ's Church, on *Wednesday, Sept. 16th*, at 3, P. M., by the Rev. GEORGE B CHEEVER. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

W. A RENSHAW,
J. A. BRADSHAW,
C. A. BROUGHER,
J. A. S. TRESSLER,
WM. H. MORRIS,
L. E. ALBERT,
} *Joint Comm.*

Aug. 31. td

DR. JAMES PARRY,
SURGEON DENTIST,

WILL be at Mr. JAMES A. THOMPSON'S, Gettysburg, from the 7th to the 15th of September next.

Aug. 31.

DENTISTRY.

DR. J. LAWRENCE HILL,
Dental Surgeon,

HAS located permanently in Gettysburg; and as it is his intention to devote himself entirely to the practice of DENTISTRY in all its branches, no effort will be spared to render satisfaction in every case. If any have had operations performed, which have not proved satisfactory, they are respectfully asked to call and have them renewed without charge

☞Ladies and others visited at their residences, if desired.

☞Office at Mr. M'Cosh's Hotel.

May 11. tf

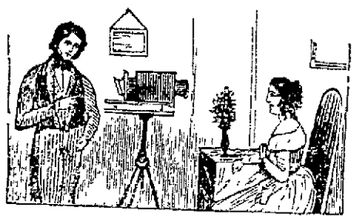
NOTICE.

THE CORNER STONE of the Methodist E Church, in Petersburg, Y. S Adams county, will be laid on *Sunday the 20th of September*, at 10 o'clock. Professor M'CLINTOCK is expected to be present to conduct the exercises of the occasion.

WM. R SADLER,
Chairman of Com

Aug. 31. td

SUPERIOR
Daguerreotype Portraits,
SINGLE OR IN GROUPS,
COLORED OR MEZZOTINTO.



To the Ladies and Gentlemen of GETTYSBURG.

THE Subscribers (one proprietor of the Philadelphia Daguerrean Institute, at Publishers' Hall, 101 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, and both from the "Daguerrean Gallery," Baltimore,) beg leave to inform the citizens of this place, that they have opened rooms admirably adapted as regards convenience of access, comfort, &c., at Mr. S. S. M'CREARY'S residence, in Chambersburg street, 4 doors east of the Lutheran Church, where they are prepared to execute Portraits and Miniatures of a superior quality, either plain, colored, or mezzotinto, single or in groups

Our facilities are not only more extensive but superior to any heretofore used out of the large cities, and enable us to produce likenesses unsurpassed by any other artists

Particular attention given to the position, ease and grace of Children, while sitting, in order to produce the beauty of artistical effect combined with what is more desirable—a faithful Portraiture.

Satisfaction given or no charge made.

☞Instructions given in the Art, and all materials furnished on reasonable terms.

Ladies and gentlemen are invited to call and examine our large collection of superior specimens.

☞For further particulars see Circulars.

PLUMER & WILDE.

Aug. 17. tf

GETTYSBURG WATER COMPANY.

THE Stockholders in the above Company are requested to pay the amount of their Stock in the following instalments: FIVE DOLLARS on each Share on the *15th of September*; FIVE DOLLARS on the *15th of October*; and FIVE DOLLARS on the *15th of November*.

J. B. M'PHERSON, *Treasurer.*

Aug. 31 td

Poetry.

"MY TIMES ARE IN THY HAND."

BY THE AUTHOR OF "PEN AND INK SKETCHES OF PREACHERS AND POLITICIANS."

Mysterious are thy ways, oh God!
But mighty is thine arm,
To guide thy suffering faithful ones,
And shield them from the storm.
Omnipotent art thou, my God!
So, till the promised land
Shall gladden my expectant eye,
In adoration I would cry,
"My times are in thy hand."

Eternal is thy throne, oh God!
Round which the elders throng,
Waving green palms, and wearing crowns,
Singing the conqueror's song.
Unwavering is thy love, my God!
So, on time's dreamy strand
I'll watch through doubt, despair and gloom,
And feel, whilst trembling near a tomb,
"My time is in thy hand."

Omniscient is thine eye, oh God!
When fainting pilgrims sink,
Thou watchest till they stand beside
Bethesda's healing brink.
Ever descend thine angels, God!
A ministering band;
To touch the waters with their wings,
And charm e'en sorrow, till she sings,
"My times are in thy hand."

And shall I then repine, oh God!
Whilst certain of thy power!
No, let me kneel and kiss the rod,
In every trying hour.
Faint heart, rejoice!—and soul, be still!
God hath the pathway planned;
And till thy Saviour's face be seen,
Cry, through the clouds that intervene,
"My times are in thy hand."

Miscellaneous.

"BEHOLD THY MOTHER!"

The bare mention of these words must recall vividly to the mind of the reader their divine Author, and the thrilling occasion on which they were uttered. The fearful agony of the garden had passed. The vile betrayer had led on his infernal band, and delivered into their bloodthirsty hands the Prince of Peace. The mock trial in the hall of the Sanhedrim had closed; the victim, tortured with a crown of thorns and arrayed in a mock robe, had been "led like a lamb to the slaughter." The nails had been driven, the cross erected, and the Son of God, with the load of a world's guilt upon him, hung in dreadful agony between the heaven and the earth. It was an awful hour—beyond description. The earth was convulsed—the heavens were clothed in sackcloth, and the withdrawal of the light of even his father's countenance led him, in untold anguish, to exclaim, "My God, my God, why hast thou forsaken me?" In this awful crisis, could any earthly object attract his mind in any degree, even for a moment, from the dreadful agony he was enduring?—Yes: his eye rested upon his weeping mother, whom not even the terrors of the cross could induce to forsake him. Never was a virtue more sublimely exhibited than was filial love in the dying Saviour. Even amid the inconceivable agony of *such* a death, a *mother's* comfort was not forgotten. Directing her attention to the affectionate disciple, whom emphatically he loved, he said, "Woman, behold thy son!" and to the disciple, added "Behold thy mother!"

Such an exhibition of filial love needs no comment; it surpasses all eulogium. We have brought it up, not to add anything to the simple scripture narrative, but to direct the mind of the reader to this transcendently bright example of filial piety.

To the daughter, gliding, thoughtlessly, perhaps, along the gay path of youth, almost unconscious that life has toils and cares, we would say "Behold thy mother!" Note the expression of her countenance—see if there be not untimely furrows wearing in her cheek—watch carefully her comfort—"Behold thy mother!" Pain, sickness, death itself, can never quench the ardor of her love for *you*; O! never let pleasure or pain, the charms or perplexities of life, lead you to forget *her!*

Young man—merged in the business or pleasures of life—amid the endeared circle of domestic ties, or wandering far away, immured in classic halls, or traversing the wide earth, embarked in bold speculations, or toiling in the field, the shop, or the counting-room, permit us gently to whisper in your ear, "Behold thy mother!" Her anxious heart beats fondly for you—sleepless hours witness her solicitude for your welfare—forget *her* not—she may have faults, but—she is your *mother*.

Is she a *widowed* mother? Then doubly sacred is the obligation resting upon you to revere and cherish her.—The fountains of her grief who can fathom? No earthly balm can assuage it like the kind sympathies of affectionate children.

If you want knowledge read the newspapers; not one but several; when business presses be diligent; when your wife scolds hold your tongue.

What a Mistake.—A man at St. Louis was recently so badly bitten by musquitoes that the physicians mistook his ailment for the small-pox.

CLERICAL PUN.

A minister was once invited to preach in a house recently built, where the congregation were noted for their somniferous propensities. He commenced the service in the usual manner, and proceeded to deliver his sermon. According to custom the good people disposed themselves to rest, and in a short time the preacher was saluted with a variety of discordants issuing from the nasal organs of the drowsy sinners. He stopped suddenly and began to survey the scene before him. The audience aroused themselves from their unseemly attitudes, and started inquiringly at the venerable man.

"I have," said he, "been admiring the fair proportions of your new house, and have but one fault to find."

"And what is that?" exclaimed a man whose pride for the new fabric would acknowledge no blemish.

"Why," replied the preacher in a tone of irony, "I perceive you retain the old *sleepers*."

JOKE ABOUT AN EARTHQUAKE.

The Boston Times, after referring to the bells rung, houses shaken, and articles of furniture falling down, in Boston and the neighboring towns, from the effects of the late earthquake, and to the probability of our hearing soon of severe earthquakes in South America, winds up with a capital story.

Speaking of earthquakes and the mutability of all things here below, reminds us of an old monied man, who formerly lived in this same city of Boston. He was quite rich, and in hard times was wont to lend money to those in necessity, but was also a most unconscionable Shylock, and asked always some exorbitant premium, and would hardly ever be content with any reasonable security. Good notes well endorsed were offered. No, he could not take them—men might fail, and he should lose his money. Vessels with cargoes at sea, well insured, were named. No, he wanted no such stuff as that; hurricanes and storms might blow them into fragments, and the insurance offices burst up. "What *will* you take?" cried the borrower, at last, almost in despair: "I have some valuable real estate, will you take that?" "*Real estate!*" said the profane old miser; "*Earthquakes will crack by and by, and your real estate will go to the d—l. I'll keep my money.*"

The Nightmare on a Steamboat.—A terrible consternation was created on board the Hendrick Hudson, on Friday night, as she was ploughing her way from Albany to New York. All the passengers were soundly asleep, and nothing could be heard but the movement of the engine, when a fellow jumped from his birth, and at the top of his voice, cried "fire, fire, fire—we are all gone—all lost." Instantly every soul was aroused and on deck—terror and confusion ensued, and a scene followed which appalled the stoutest heart—when fortunately it was discovered that the alarm proceeded from a passenger who was troubled with the nightmare!

A Good Anecdote Old or New.—We are told that the following conversation was overheard among "the Volunteers on the Rio Grande."

Scene, Night—Two volunteers wrapped in blankets, and half buried in mud. Volunteer 1st.—"Jim, how came you to be a volunteer?" Volunteer 2d—"Why Bob, you see I have no wife to care a red cent for me, and so I volunteered—and besides, *I like war*. Now tell me how you came out here?" Volunteer 1st—"Why the fact is, you know, I I I have got a wife, and so I came out here, because *I like peace*." Hereupon both volunteers turned over in their blankets, got a new plastering of mud and went to sleep.

Humboldt gives some amusing words heard in the conversation of the native Mexicans. A kiss is called *tetenamequilitztli*.

Here is a contradiction of the old saw which says a thing is easier said than done.—*Delta.*

KISSING.

Dow, jr. closed a sermon on kissing, with the following quaint advice:

"I want you, my young sinners, to kiss and get married: and then devote your life to morality and money making. Then let your home be well provided with such comforts and necessaries as piety, pickles, pots and kettles, brushes, brooms, benevolence, bread, charity, cheese, faith, flour, affection, cider, sincerity, vinegar, virtue, wine and wisdom. Have these always on hand, and happiness will be with you. Do not drink any thing intoxicating—eat moderately—go about business after breakfast—lounge a little after dinner—chat after tea, kiss after quarreling; then all the joy, the peace and the bliss earth can afford, shall be yours until the grave closes over you, and your spirits are borne to a brighter and a happier world."

A Country Editor very coolly throws out this valuable hint to his readers:—"Chickens will fatten on tomatoes. If your neighbors have tomatoes in their gardens, now is the time to turn out your poultry. They will help themselves."

LIFE IN NEW ENGLAND.

An intelligent gentleman who has been travelling extensively during the last summer in New England, speaks to us in raptures of the wonderful enterprise and energy of the people. Not only in manufactures, said he, but in every branch of trade, and especially in agriculture, they have exhibited a wonderful improvement. Their uninviting soil, which would here be given up past redemption, has been transformed into a garden. They are a *great Agricultural people*. Their rough roads, too, have been made as smooth as a bowling alley. Through every part of the country the tide of life rolls with ceaseless activity. When you are on the railroads, said our informant, you meet with such a multitude that all the population seems travelling. When you leave the cars, and get upon the cross roads, visit the farms or look into the shops, the whole population seems at work, and hard work, too, with their coats off and "fourteen hours a day" toiling for their bread. Can Polk's free trade crush such a people?—*Richmond Rep.*

The Moon.—Sir John Hersbhel, at a late meeting of the British Association for the advancement of Science, expressed the opinion that the temperature of the moon's climate must be very high, "*far above that of boiling water.*" And the reason is that its surface is exposed for fourteen days at a time to the unmitigated and continual heat of the sun. At the full, and for a few days afterwards, the moon must certainly be the reflector of some heat to the earth. Sir John has no doubt of the fact; but, as it has the character of culmary rather than solar heat, that is to say, "it emanates from a body below the temperature of ignition," it will be arrested by the upper strata of the earth's atmosphere, and thus absorbed. There its only effect will be to convert visible clouds into transparent vapor. He asserted that the phenomena of the rapid dissipation of clouds in moderate weather, soon after the appearance of the full moon, could be easily accounted for on this principle, and that his own observations confirmed the theory.

A Good Rule.—Lord Erskine was distinguished through life for independence of principle, for his scrupulous adherence to truth. He once explained the rules of his conduct, which ought to be deeply engraven on every heart. He said:—"It was a first command and council of my early youth, always to do what my conscience told me to be my duty, and leave the *consequence* with God. I shall carry with me the memory, and I trust the practice, of this paternal lesson to the grave. I have hitherto followed it, and have no reason to complain that my obedience to it has been a temporal sacrifice. I have found it, on the contrary, the road to prosperity and wealth, and shall point the same path to my children for their support."

Potato Flour is manufactured in England and Ireland, which contains not only the starch, but all the ingredients of the tuber, except the skin and cuticle. The potatoes are washed, sliced, dried thoroughly, ground, and sifted through a bolt or sieve. 100 pounds of potatoes yield from 27 to 30 pounds of flour.—This article is said to be 60 per cent. more nutritious for man or beast than superfine wheat flour. It ferments with yeast flour, and makes fair bread. Experiments have been made which show that a given surface of land cultivated in potatoes will yield four times more flour from this crop than can be obtained from a crop of wheat. It is not stated how well or long potato flour will keep; probably as long as any other, for the vegetable matter is kiln-dried. By this operation all danger from rotting is removed, and this most valuable root or tuber can be preserved like wheat or beans for an indefinite period.

Snoring Deacons.—The Deacons "down east" have a bad habit of snoring aloud, which appears to disturb some of the folks there. The Boston Bee of Saturday has the following polite notice for one of them:

Deacon —— is requested not to commence snoring to-morrow, until the sermon is begun, as some persons in the neighborhood of his pew would like to hear the *text*.

There is a woman now living in Moscow, who is one hundred and fifty-seven years old. When one hundred and twenty-three years old, this gay lassie married her fifth husband, thus proving that *the* instinct of the sex for connubialisationising hangs on while there is breath left. She is active and hearty, and may yet make her sixth venture on matrimony. Now we know where the real "oldest inhabitant" lives.—*Boston Star.*

Lord Braxfield, (a Scotch judge) once said to an eloquent culprit at the bar—"You're a very clever chiel, mon, but I'm thinking ye wad be nane the waur o' a hanging."

The Difference.—The ordinary time required for a trip from New York to China, is from ten to twelve months, but by Whitney's projected railroad and steamers, the trip may be made in *twenty-one days!*

THE COLOR OF HORSES.

The following article which we cut from the Prairie Farmer, contains statements which, as "facts" or "fancies," may be worth attention. If the writer's theory be correct, horse Lavaters may at once come into vogue, and color will be as important to horses as to other artists whose profession it is to *draw*. "There is no one fact that mankind are more ignorant of than this—that the color of a horse is a sure indication of his character. In this article I shall attempt to give a few rules by which a man of common observation can tell the disposition of a horse as soon as he sees him. The first thing to be observed is, the color of the animal; the second is the phrenological developments. If his color is a light sorrel, his feet, legs and face white, these are marks of kindness. Then, if he is broad and full between the eyes, I will warrant him to be a horse of good sense, and easily trained to do any thing.—Such horses will have good treatment; the kinder you treat them the better they will treat you in return. A horse of the above description will never stand the whip if he is well fed. One thing to be always observed in buying a horse, if you want a gentle one, is to get one with more or less white about him. A spotted one is preferable. We see many of this kind used in circuses. Some have supposed that this color was sought for by the owners of these establishments because of its oddity; it is not so; it is because horses of this description are the easiest trained to perform the difficult feats that we see them go through at such places. Again, if you want a safe horse, avoid one that is dish-faced; he may be gentle—that is, he may not scare; but he may have too much of the go ahead in him to be safe with every body. If you want a perfect fool, buy a horse of great bottom, get a deep bay, with not a white hair about him; if his face is dished, so much the worse; boys, or men that have not good care of themselves, should never have any thing to do with a horse of this kind; they are always tricky and unsafe. I have been deprived of the use of my limbs for twenty-seven years; in this time I have travelled over a large portion of the western country by land, in my one-horse buggy. In using the kind of horses that I first described, I have invariably found them kind and gentle to manage. But in using the deep bays I have suffered enough by their treachery to kill forty men."

Imitating the Birds.—One Mr. Trouburg, having invented, as he states, a suitable pair of wings, was to make a public trial of them at Pittsburg on Tuesday last. We have no faith in these *flighty* experiments.

☞This matter turned out a real hoax. An immense number of people attended to "see the man fly"—both sides of the river being lined with spectators. At the appointed hour, while the thousands were straining their eyes, an enormous *goose* was launched from the bridge, and after a struggle or two, dropped heavily into the river. It was the greatest hoax of the season.

"Whig Organization."—The Union says "the Whigs *will not* disarm or disband." No, indeed, they will not. Of that the Union may rest assured. They stand *animis opibusque parati*. Their principles are immutable, and will last as long as the constitution of their country. Their task is to *defend* and to *preserve*. It matters not to them in whose hands the Executive power of the Government may be placed, their duty is still the same.—*Alexandria Gazette.*

The Pennsylvanian is right merry over the "stoppages," which are the result of Free Trade legislation. It attributes the stoppage of a runaway horse, of a heavy shower, and of sundry clocks and watches, to M'Kay's bill! This may pass for wit, but on last Saturday week at Pottsville we saw hundreds of miners and laborers whose means of subsistence had been stopped by the effect of the bill. Such distress rather deserves a tear than a jest. But we presume it is "democratic" to laugh at the sorrows of the laborer and jeer at the reduction of his wages.—*North American.*

Effects of Liquor.—A young man, in a state of intoxication, in the city of Boston, on Monday night, fancying he was in his bed room, undressed himself and went to sleep in the street, leaving his clothes and a gold watch on the sidewalk. The police fortunately passed a few minutes afterwards, and he was accommodated with a bunk in the watch house.

Repartee.—The Boston Post gives the following:—"My dear Polley, I am surprised at your taste in wearing another woman's hair on your head," said Mr. Smith to his wife. "My dear Joe, I am equally astonished that you persist in wearing *another sheep's wool* on your back. There, now." Poor Smith sneaked.

He who is passionate and hasty is generally honest. It's your cool, dissembling, smiling hypocrite, of whom you should beware. There is no deceit about a bull dog. It's only the cur that sneaks up and bites you when your back's turned.

AFRICA.

Cape Palmas.—The late advices from Cape Palmas give information of the purchase by Gov. Russwurm of Tabou, Bassa and Little Grand Berreby—territories adjacent to our colony and extending along the coast of Africa about one hundred miles. The colony now possesses the coast all the way from Garaway to the River Pedro, between Tahon and Druen. The acquisition of Grand Sess, on the North, which is expected soon to be accomplished, will bring the territory of Maryland in Liberia in contact with the older colony of Monrovia, and give to both jointly an extent of more than three hundred miles of West African coast.

Along this very line of shore the slave trade was once actively prosecuted.—Slave factories were scattered up and down at almost every anchorage. The trade is now completely broken up on that portion of the coast; so that if Colonization had done nothing more than rescue three hundred miles of African frontier from the ravages of the slave traffic it would present to the world fair claims to a respectful consideration.—But it has done more than that, and has so much yet to do that it cannot regard its present achievements as any thing.

Religious Intelligence.—Cape Coast, on the border of South Western Africa, under the influence of Missions, seems likely to become a great city.

This town, says a recent American traveller, is now three or four miles in circumference, and contains about 7000 inhabitants mostly Africans.

The most interesting feature in the place, is the English Methodist Episcopal Mission, which has been established about twelve years. The mission house is a commodious stone building, on an elevation at the north end of the town.—They have a church, seventy feet by forty. They have employed in the mission six European and sixty native African teachers and assistants. Twenty stations, embracing an extent of country 400 miles on the coast and 200 in the interior. They have, in all, about 800 church members. All their teaching and labor are done by natives. The annual expense of their mission operations in this region is $24,000.

They have here one of the most interesting congregations I have seen in Africa. The chapel was full; all were natives but ten or twelve. Nearly 300 of them were said to be members of the church. Let the opposers of missions witness this scene, and compare this congregation with their heathen neighbors, and then say that missions do no good. Some of the natives here are worth their thousands, and are trusted by captains of vessels for two or three thousand dollars at a time.

A Graduate of Yale—his "Masterly Inactivity."—The Alexandria Gazette informs us that young Harrison, who graduated at Yale College the other day, and had the first oration and valedictory, is a resident of New Haven, and while in college has not only been at the head of his class in every department, but at the same time has been a teacher in a Lancasterian school, and in various ways has paid his college bills and supported an aged mother, all, at the same time, by his masterly inactivity.

Extract from a speech delivered by George M. Dallas, from the door of his house, to the Democratic procession, on the evening after the Presidential election, in favor of the Tariff of '42.

"Gentlemen: The Tariff of '42 is a Democratic measure; it was passed by the Democrats, and it will be safe in the hands of James K. Polk. *If the Tariff is not high enough, we will make it still higher.*"

Extract from a speech delivered before the Senate, on the 28th of July, 1846, previous to giving the casting vote to *destroy* the Tariff of '42:

"The responsibility is great, and I feel it deeply, but, whatever may be the consequences, it must be met."

Mr. Adams.—The Mayor of Boston thus toasted Mr. Adams, at the late Aqueduct Dinner, at Long Pond:

"The Hon. John Quincy Adams.—A long, useful and virtuous life, has fitted him to be a citizen of that city, through whose streets flows the river of life, and whose waters are for the healing of the nations."

The excessive heat in Switzerland has caused the snow to melt from the tops of the mountains. The summit of Mount Blanc is now a bare rock, a sight not seen for many years. Some of the rivers have swollen in consequence and overflowed their banks.

Language.—It is estimated that three thousand three hundred and sixty-four different languages are spoken in the world.

A Hardened Offender.—A hardened offender about being hung, the attendant clergyman, under the impression that he was a repentant sinner, thus addressed him—

"In a few moments you will be in another and a better world; I envy your place."

"Do you?" said the fellow eagerly, "how'll you swop situations?"

IMPORTANT FROM SANTA FE.

A letter from Mr. N. Colburn, our correspondent at Santa Fe, announces his arrival at Independence, in this State, on Thursday last, in twenty-four and a half days from Santa Fe. This journey eclipses in speed any other ever performed between the two points, and shows that very soon it will be stripped of even the character of novelty. From the letter of Mr. Colburn, we gather many facts of interest to our readers, which are here arranged.

Mr. Colburn left Santa Fe on the 2d of August. There were then only 450 Mexican soldiers stationed in Santa Fe, but the authorities stated that they had 7000 men ready to march at a moment's warning to meet Gen. Kearney, and 2000 were expected from the lower country. How far this expectation may be realized, may be judged of from the fact, that Mr. Kennedy, who has just arrived from Sonora, reported that they had there only 300 soldiers, 200 at Chihuahua, and 40 at El Passo.

When Mr. C. left Santa Fe, nothing had been heard of Gen. Kearney's movements for fifteen days previous.—It was not then known that Gen. Wool was moving against Chihuahua. About 2000 miles on his route home, he met with eight Mexican dragoons who had been watching the movements of the forces under Gen. Kearney. They said they had not seen the troops, although they had been in sight of Bent's fort and to the Simarone.

Mr. Colburn reached the crossing of the Arkansas in ten days, being the quickest trip ever made to that point in wagons. He found grass and water scarce. He there met Capt. Worcester, of the U. S. Artillery, T. Caldwell and Charles Bent, only ten days from Independence, and sent by them to General Kearney all the news of which he was in possession. From this party, he heard of the murder, on the evening before, of W. Z. Swan, of Northampton, Mass.—He was returning, it is stated, from Fort Bent, in company with Major G. Clark, and was shot from his horse, when within seventy-five yards of their camp, by Indians.

On the 18th, he met Mr. Turly's company of three wagons, for Taos, and also forty-three government wagons and 54 men. They were lying by for repairs. They had lost fifteen yoke of oxen: many of the men were sick, and they had only two rounds of ammunition. No guard could be placed at night, and they had nothing with which to protect themselves when hunting their oxen.

The Indians were attacking some of the companies almost every night. This detachment of wagons was then sixteen days behind the Army, which Mr. C. learned, was subsisting on half a ration of bread and meat, with neither sugar nor coffee!—He expressed the opinion, that one hundred Mexican soldiers could capture all the supplies of Government stores from the Cotton Wood to Bent's Fort, if they only knew their exposed situation. It was also stated that the Dragoons had only fifteen rounds of ammunition with them. Mr. C. says that the Indians were in Santa Fe, offering their services to Gen. Armijo, on condition that he should let them have the spoils which they might take from the Americans, but that he had refused to accept the proposition. If he had acceded to it, the army might possibly have been defeated, or their supplies cut off, which would have caused great distress. Maj. Clark and himself gave the men all the powder which they could spare and left them.

On the 15th, he met twenty-two Government wagons in charge of Mr. Campbell and Mr. Coons, of St. Louis. He learned from them that their camp had been attacked on the night previous, and that they had killed one Indian and wounded another. That night his camp was attacked at Coon creek, and an attempt made to run off his stock.

From the 16th to the 27th he met parties every day, all of whom had suffered more or less by the Indians, who seemed bent on stealing their stock, and succeeded in carrying off some.—*St. Louis Rep.*

FROM CALIFORNIA.

The Sangamo (Ill.) Journal says: Mr. R. Semple writes from California that the valley of the Sacrimento is three hundred miles long by one hundred and fifty wide; that it is crossed by navigable streams which are skirted with wood; that the bottom lands were from one half to six miles wide, and very fertile; that the plains, composing three-fourths of the valley, for want of water, cannot be cultivated; that the population will forever be confined to the rivers; that even the best section of the country is inferior to the Western States; that the timber is only on the mountains; that in the winter the traveller has no chance of going forward but to fly or swim; that the musquitoes, flies, and insects of every description appear in myriads; that but few can now obtain grants of land; that there is neither law nor gospel in the country, and that an Indian caught *young* makes a good laborer. Mr. Semple concludes by recommending to persons who wish to emigrate to that country, to take with them plow-irons, axes, spades, a few carpenter's tools; augers, chisels, files, plenty of clothing, including shoes, and also garden seeds."

Gold bullion to the amount of half a million of dollars is imported monthly into London from the Russian mines, by the steamer Rob Roy. The regular London steamers are said to bring equal or greater quantities on each trip from St. Petersburg.

EFFECTS OF THE TARIFF IN ENGLAND.

Some sage writers for the newspapers, cannot comprehend how the new Tariff can have produced effects injurious to the manufacturers of the United States, when it has not yet gone into operation. They will probably be more astonished on reading the news brought by the steamer Britannia, that it has already had an influence on the manufacturing business of England, but of a different character from that produced with us. The English papers state, that "several markets have experienced the effects of the liberal Tariff which goes into operation in the United States on the first of December. Iron has already advanced in price, and the woollen manufactures of Yorkshire are firm and improving." It is thus seen, that, whilst the Tariff puts down American labor and compels the discharge of American operatives, it is increasing the business of England, and cheering the workmen of that country, by giving them steady work and higher prices. If a Tariff which produces such results be not British in its principles and tendencies, then the English Parliament could not form one of that character. It is not American because it does not foster American interests. Why, then, not let its title conform truly to the purpose and effect of the bill? As it depresses American and encourages English labor, it is a British Tariff, and should be so called—however, partisan writers, or purchased neutrals, may undertake to defend it by misrepresentation.

As the effect of the Tariff is to transfer our workshops to Europe, it is to be expected that our workmen will follow, sooner than remain in idleness at home; and accordingly we find it stated, that American workmen are actually emigrating to England to procure employment. Here are facts which cannot be denied, and which will go farther to give the true character of the new Tariff bill, than all the false statements which can be made in "comparative statements of the Tariffs of 1842 and 1846," together with the commentaries of venal and pretended neutral writers, who would endorse adverse statements, if equally well compensated for the service.

It should convince every American, that the Tariff of 1846 is not American in principle, when he finds the English manufacturers rejoicing at its passage, and English trade improving—whilst the wages of our own people are being reduced; and many of our manufacturing establishments are preparing to close their business, or have already done so. Consequences so beneficial to others, and so injurious to ourselves, cannot fail to excite public attention and investigation; and, as a necessary result, a general demand that Congress shall so change the Tariff as to protect domestic instead of foreign industry.

False "comparative statements" may be circulated by thousands in extras paid for by the public money; but he who *feels* the effects of the Tariff—who has his wages reduced—his business injured—or is cast out of employment, by the operation of the new Tariff, and who sees that the bread which has been taken from his mouth has gone to supply the foreign workman—we say, that he who *feels* these things—will refuse to credit any "comparative statements" contrary to actual results and his own experience.—*Clipper.*

"PARTY DRILL."

Perhaps the most startling development made in ex-Senator HAYWOOD's Address is the *omnipotence*, so to speak, of party drill at Washington! He says: "*I* KNEW WELL *that the Senate were about passing the bill*, (the Tariff of '46,) CONTRARY *to the judgment of a* MAJORITY, *under the duress of a* PARTY DRILL!"—And another Senator, if we mistake not, said, in open debate, that "TWO-THIRDS of the Senate were *opposed* to the bill." And yet it PASSED that body by a *majority* of one!

Is not this an alarming confession?—coming, too, from the highest legislative functionary of our Government; composed of men who *should be* "above suspicion and above reproach"—that, under "a *duress of party drill*," THEY could so far forget their duty to their country and their God as to suffer themselves to be *coerced* into the support of a measure "contrary" to their enlightened judgments? Truly, truly, we have fallen upon evil times. Has it come to this, that a highminded honorable man, one who has been elevated to the proud and lofty distinction of *Senator*, in this great nation, can rise in his place, in the Senate Chamber, and denounce a measure as unwise, impolitic, and destructive, and yet "under duress of a *party drill*," he can be made to sacrifice all his higher, and, we may say not unjustly, his *holier* obligations, and *vote in favor* of that identical measure? The reflection is, indeed, humiliating, and goes far to controvert that boasted "freedom of action" in our Government, over which we hear so many praises sung.—[*Raleigh Register.*

Mexico.—The last letters from sources of the highest respectability in the city of Mexico, and other towns, represent the disposition of the people as altogether in favor of peace. The English merchants and English government desire peace, and as the American people also desire it, it will be seen that the influences are very strong in that direction.—*N. Y. Jour. Com.*

Cherokee Indians.—The Advocate advertises for eight competent moral teachers, to take charge of the public schools in the nation.

ADAMS SENTINEL.

GETTYSBURG:

Monday, September 14, 1846.

WHIG TICKET.

CANAL COMMISSIONER,
James M. Power.

ASSEMBLY,
James Cooper.

COMMISSIONER,
Andrew Heintzleman.

AUDITOR,
John C. Ellis.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
John Houck.

Candidate for Congress.

By an advertisement in our paper, it will be seen that the Hon. HENRY NES has announced himself as a Volunteer candidate for Congress in this District. His votes when in Congress were decidedly in favor of Pennsylvania interests, and protection to American Industry; and it appears from his announcement, that his opinions remain unchanged in that particular.

No Congressman Yet!

The Locofoco Conferees of Adams and York met again on Friday last, with a view of harmonizing their difficulties; but we learn that they again separated without a choice—the Adams county Conferees insisting upon DANNER, and the York on RANKIN. We are not advised of the manner in which they expect to settle their difficulties—and indeed we suppose it matters but little—for, if they will not allow us to beat them singly, we will have to beat both of them at once!

☞ The *"Standard,"* at East Berlin, in this county, has been discontinued, owing, as the Editor says, to "physical inability."

Choice Fruit.

Two peaches, taken from a tree at the residence of Mrs. M'CLELLAN, in this borough, were exhibited to us last week, one of which measured 11 inches in circumference, and weighed 11 ounces! Who can beat this?

☞ The Hon. JAMES COOPER, of this place, is to deliver the annual address before the Alumni of Washington College, in Washington, Pa., on the 23d inst. The annual commencement is to take place on the 24th inst.

Map of Pennsylvania.

An advertisement appears in our paper to-day for an AGENT to procure subscribers in this County for a new Map of the State. We call the attention of persons disposed to engage in such a business, to the notice of Mr. Harrison.

☞ The Rev. JAMES H. MASON KNOX (son of the Rev. Dr. John Knox,) was installed as Pastor of the Presbyterian Church of German Valley, N. Jersey, on the 2d inst. The Rev. Dr. Knox preached the sermon; Dr. Junkin gave the charge to the pastor, and Rev. Isaac S. Davidson the charge to the people. Mr. K. was formerly a licentiate of the Reformed Dutch Church.

Minister to England.

☞ Hon. GEORGE BANCROFT, of Mass. Secretary of the Navy, resigned his situation last week, and has been appointed by the President, Minister Plenipotentiary to England, in the place of Louis M'Lane, recalled at his own request.

☞ Hon. JOHN Y. MASON, of Virginia, has been appointed Secretary of the Navy, in the room of Hon. Geo. Bancroft, resigned.

Lewistown Bank.

We learn that this institution has suspended payment for the present. Noteholders are advised not to sacrifice their money, as it is said the Bank will be able to redeem its issues ultimately.

Mr. Kirkham.

An article has been very generally published in the papers, that Mr. KIRKHAM, the distinguished grammarian, had lately died in a distillery in Kentucky, of mania a potu. It appears now, from a publication by his brother-in-law, (Mr. Winchester) that Mr. Kirkham died in the City of New-York, in May, 1843, of pulmonary consumption; and that the late article in regard to him is a wicked fabrication.

Great Flood and Loss of Life.

There was a most destructive flood in Crooked Creek, near Madison, Indiana, on Thursday week. The papers are filled with the most melancholy details. The loss of property is very great, many houses having been swept away, and the accounts say that no less than FOURTEEN persons lost their lives in attempting to save property and the lives of other citizens of Madison. Eleven bodies had been found at the last accounts. The damage to the Indianapolis Railroad is very great, and it is believed that it will take nine months to repair it.

☞ The Whigs of Chester county have nominated Mr. M'Ilvaine for re-election to Congress; and Col. Thomas K. Bull, George Ladly, and Henry S. Evans, (Editor of the Record) for the Legislature.

☞ The recent hot weather was felt in a greater degree at Boston, than further south. On Saturday week the mercury was at 90°—on yesterday week, 97°.

☞ A severe storm visited the village of Ballston, N. Y. last week, accompanied by hail and lightning more than known for many years, and more rain fell than at any other time since 1818. The electricity played many fantastic tricks with the magnetic telegraph wire which passes through the village, striking it in a number of places and destroying some of the poles, throwing the fragments fifty feet from their foundation.

Gen. Taylor.

It will be remembered by our readers that, very shortly after the receipt of the intelligence of the success of our army under Gen. Taylor at Palo Alto, and Resaca de la Palma, some meetings were held, at which Gen. Taylor was nominated for the Presidency; the individuals directing those meetings impelled, no doubt, partly by feelings of gratitude to a gallant soldier, and partly from the imagined availability of a successful "military chieftain," which might inure to their individual benefit. Communications were accordingly made by the officers of those meetings to the General, and a correspondence on the subject has been given to the public. Old "Rough and Ready," as he is termed, has too much good sense, it appears, to be made the tool of adventurers; and his replies confirm us in the opinion we have hitherto entertained, that he is a plain, unassuming, frank and honest soldier. In answer to the New York resolutions, he says, he is grateful for the expression of thanks to him and the army, for their services—but, he adds, "for the high office in question I have no aspirations; the Government has assigned to me an arduous and responsible duty, in the prosecution of the existing war; in conducting it with honor to the country lie all my real aspirations."

In reply to the Philadelphia letter, he expresses his thanks for the good will of his fellow countrymen—and says—"My real feelings impel me to say, however, that I do not desire a nomination for the Presidency. Your letter finds me no aspirant for that office, and the agitation of such a question, in my present responsible position, is yet more a cause of serious regret, as tending to embarrass me in the successful prosecution of the existing war."

Canal Commissioner.

It is now pretty well ascertained that the locofoco candidate for Canal Commissioner, Mr. FOSTER, is a *Free Trade* man to all intents and purposes—that he is completely subservient to the "powers that be." This is an important fact—and one that should not be lost sight of at the coming election. It is not a time to support men whose principles are at direct issue with the best interests of Pennsylvania; the consequences are too momentous to trifle with, or pass by with indifference. Every vote, remarks a cotemporary, that is cast will be counted for or against the interests of Pennsylvania and the Free Labor of the North; and it is our duty then not only to rally as one man, but to invite the co-operation of all who are disgusted with the ultra subserviency of modern "Democracy" to the dictation of Southern aristocracy. Pennsylvania must be true to herself in the present crisis—for if she now falters, the chain may be fastened on her forever! Duty, principle, interest, then, require the Whigs to be up and doing. This is not a time for coldness or apathy. The wrongs inflicted by the Administration, chosen by fraud and deception, can only be righted by the Ballot-box; and will the Workingmen of the North now fail to vindicate their wrongs?

Hear the Democracy of Dauphin.

☞ *This is the way for Pennsylvanians to talk out:*

The Dauphin county Democratic Convention met at Harrisburg on Monday last, and, after settling their ticket for Congress and members of the Legislature, passed strong resolutions in favor of the Tariff of '42, and declare that its repeal, after it had, in the last Presidential election, received the sanction of every portion of the Democracy—after the party had fought and triumphed under its banners—is *a fraud upon the party*, and meets their decided disapproval.—They also Resolved, That the Tariff of 1846 does not protect our labor—that it encourages the pauper labor of Europe—that it is an experiment emanating from the nullification of South Carolina, which is calculated to bring our mechanics and workmen to the level of the southern slaves, and to bring a system of direct taxes upon the Government of the Union; and that the country cannot return to its prosperity, until the British Tariff of 1846 is repealed. They also approve of the conduct of our Senators and Representatives in Congress who opposed this obnoxious bill—and declare that Vice President Dallas has forfeited the confidence of the Democracy of Pennsylvania by giving his casting vote in favor of the M'Kay bill, and that he continues to insult his own State by travelling abroad to receive honors from the South in payment for that vote. They also resolved in favor of the ONE TERM principle for Governor, and recommended Judge ELDRED as the next candidate. This is indeed giving the "cold shoulder" to his Excellency Gov. Shunk.

☞ Why don't our Democratic brethren in this region speak out their sentiments like their friends in Dauphin and elsewhere. They have hitherto pretended to be Tariff of '42 men—why not come out like men, and denounce the British Tariff bill and its advocates? If they do not, we shall be under the disagreeable necessity of believing them to have wheeled round in its favor, at the command of the Southern Free-Traders.

More Public Opinion.

The Democratic County Convention in Lycoming county, in this State, after nominating their candidates for members of the Legislature, adopted the following resolutions, which we recommend to the consideration of our Free Trade Democratic brethren of this county:

Resolved, That the Tariff law of 1846, (commonly called M'Kay's bill) does not embrace in its provisions the elementary principles of just and fair protection, as sanctioned by the Democracy of Pennsylvania at the polls, but on the contrary, its whole policy is Utopian.

Resolved, That by the sanction of this bill the government does not extend as far as practicable by its revenue laws and all other means within its power, fair and just protection to all the great interests of the whole country," but discriminates unjustly in favor of the cotton and tobacco interests of the South, at the expense of Pennsylvania. It is therefore the duty, as we trust it will be the pleasure, of the National Administration, to correct this inequality in the Revenue Laws shortly to go into operation.

Resolved That the Representatives in Congress from this State, with the exception of the Hon. David Wilmot, well and truly discharged the trust reposed in them as such, upon this momentous question.

More Fraud.

Several of the leading locofocos of Pennsylvania, alarmed at the demonstrations of the people in various quarters, on account of the destruction of Pennsylvania interests by the Tariff of '46, are now endeavoring to persuade the people to wait patiently until the next meeting of Congress, and that then the Tariff will be modified so far as it relates to coal and iron, to suit Pennsylvania. This is another bare-faced fraud—part of that electioneering trickery which elected Mr. Polk; and some of the more decent and manly of the democratic prints have already had the frankness to denounce it as such. Amongst other papers, the New York Globe of the 2d inst, which stands high in the confidence of the Administration, says—

"We have made up our mind to state plainly to those who wish to hold out inducements to a portion of the People of Pennsylvania, that the next Congress will increase the duty on Coal and Iron; that *no such thing will occur*. We say to Pennsylvania, that the next change in the duty of Iron will be made in the *descending*, instead of the ascending, scale."

Bear this in mind, Pennsylvanians—and be no longer deceived by interested office-seeking demagogues. Strike for your State, and her interests, at the coming election.

☞ Previous to the Presidential election, Judge MYERS, of Clarion county, Pa. a good locofoco, with a view of showing his belief that Mr. Polk was a Protectionist, gave the name of *"Polk Furnace,"* to a large new Furnace he had just erected. Since the passage of the British Tariff bill of '46, the Judge has found out that he was most grossly deceived in Mr. Polk, and he has changed the name of his furnace to MARTHA.

American Board of Foreign Missions.

The thirty-seventh anniversary of this noble institution was celebrated at New Haven last week. Nearly 1000 clergymen, besides several hundred other philanthropists from different States, were in attendance. The Report mentions that there are under the direction of the Board, in foreign lands, 31 boarding schools, and seminaries for educating native preachers and teachers, in which are nearly 2000 pupils under the constant influence of Christian families and teachers, besides 29,171 pupils in 602 free day-schools. More than 1500 members have been added to the Mission churches during the year, making the number now embraced in those churches, 24,824. There are 32 printing presses connected with the missions, and during the year not less than forty million pages have been printed in thirty-eight different languages. The receipts of the Board, in the past year, were $262,073.

Smithsonian Institution.

The Regents of this Institution assembled in Washington city on Monday last. There were present the Vice President of the U. States, Mr. Dallas; Chief Justice Taney; Mr. Seaton, Mayor of Washington; the Hon. George Evans, of Maine; the Hon. L. S. Pennybacker, of Virginia; the Hon. W. J. Hough, of New York; the Hon. R. D. Owen, of Indiana; the Hon. H. W. Hilliard, of Alabama; the Hon. Rufus Choate, of Massachusetts; the Hon. Richard Rush, of Pennsylvania; Dr. Gideon Hawley, of New York; Professor Bache, of Washington; and Col. J. G. Totten, of the Corps of Engineers.—The Hon. Wm. C. Preston, of S. C. and the Hon. Sidney Breese, of Illinois, were absent.

On Tuesday the Board of Regents was organized by the election of Hon. George M. Dallas, Vice President, as *Chancellor* of the Institution, and the appointment of the Hon. Mr. Hough, as temporary Secretary. The Mayor of Washington, and Hon. R. D. Owen and Col. Totten were appointed the Executive Committee.

On Wednesday, committees were appointed to report a plan for the building, and a system for carrying out the object expressed by the words of Mr. Smithson's will, "the increase and diffusion of knowledge among men." The Board of Regents decided to place the Institution on the Public Ground, south of the Canal, between Seventh and Fourteenth streets; and then adjourned until the last Monday in November next.

☞ An interesting little daughter of Mr. Stephen M'Calla, of Harrisburg, aged between 3 and 4 years, came to her death a few days ago, by eating the berries of a very poisonous plant, called Nightshade.

☞ A most horrible affray occurred on Saturday evening week, near Camden, N. J., between Capt. Swain, of a line boat, and a negro man living in the neighborhood. Some angry words had passed between them, when the negro drew a Bowie knife, and mangled his antagonist in the most shocking manner. The Captain received some thirty incisions on different parts of his body, of the most horrible character. There was no hope of his surviving his terrible wounds. Two men were present, but stood paralized with fear, unable to afford the defenceless victim the slightest aid, and permitted the negro to escape. The neighborhood, however, soon became aroused, and a vigilant search was set on foot to ferret out the offender. Capt. Swain resided at Norristown, where he has a wife and child.

☞ During the hot weather of week before last, four men and two women died suddenly at Baltimore, from the excessive heat.

☞ A committee of gentlemen of Baltimore have presented an elegant sword to Lieutenant (now Captain) RINGGLY, for his brilliant services on the Rio Grande.

☞ The Rev. Dr. WOODS has resigned his Professorship in the Theological Institution at Andover—a situation he has filled for near 40 years.

☞ The amount of appropriations made by Congress during its last session, for various objects, was above *fifty-one millions of dollars*, of which above thirty-seven millions were for the Army and Navy, fortifications, &c.

Vermont Election.

The returns have not all been received as yet. Although the Whig candidate for Governor is far ahead, yet the scattering votes will, it is thought, prevent his election by the people. The Whigs, however, have such a large majority in the Legislature, as will ensure his election. It is thought all the Whig members of Congress will be chosen.

☞ About twenty of the Baltimore volunteers returned on Monday last, from the Rio Grande, having been dismissed in consequence of sickness. They give a horrible picture of the miseries of soldiering, and say it is not so pleasant as some have been disposed to imagine.

Suicide of Felix G. M'Connell.

Hon. FELIX G. M'CONNELL, member of Congress from Alabama, put a period to his existence on Thursday last, between 12 and 1 o'clock, at the St. Charles Hotel, Washington City. He went to his room about 12 o'clock, apparently much depressed, called for pen and ink, and said he intended to write to his wife. About an hour and a half afterwards he was found dead on the floor. He had cut the jugular veins on each side of the throat, and inflicted two deep wounds in the abdomen. This is another added to the list of the victims of intemperance! He is represented to have been a frank, generous fellow, and has not left an enemy behind.

Steamboat Accident.

On Thursday evening last, the steamer Excelsior, plying between New York and Coxackie, on the North River, 20 miles below Albany, burst her boiler just after leaving the wharf. She had about 40 passengers on board, and it is said but few of them escaped, except by leaping overboard into the stream, as the boat was almost instantly enveloped in flames. It is not known how many were lost, but it is feared there were more than twenty. It was only by great exertions the burning vessel was prevented from setting fire to the shipping.

Painful Intelligence.

A letter from the U. S. Squadron in the East Indies, dated Hong-Kong, China, April 12, says that the Cholera and Dysentery have been making dreadful ravages in the fleet. The Vincennes sloop of war lost nearly all her crew by dysentery; and in the Columbus they lost in one day, 12 men by cholera, and for several days they launched into the deep sometimes five corpses at a time—every hour the summons was heard—"All hands to bury the dead." The dysentery also was then very bad on board the Columbus.

☞ The late papers are filled with accounts of suicides and murders in different parts of the country, some of them of the most painful character.

☞ The sickness, we learn, is on the increase at Hagerstown. Our borough is very healthy.

☞ There was a destructive fire at Albany on Tuesday night. Twelve buildings were consumed.

☞ A man in New-York, died a few days ago from taking, by the advice of a friend, too large a dose of colchicum, as a cure for the rheumatism.—Ask the Doctor, before you take powerful articles as medicine.

☞ The Whigs of Cumberland county have settled Col. Armstrong Noble and James Mackey, Esq. on their ticket for the Legislature.

IMPORTANT RUMOR.

Peace with Mexico—Terms Settled with Santa Anna at Havana.

A correspondent of the New York Tribune, writing from Havana, under date of August 16, states that an agreement had taken place between Santa Anna and certain agents of the British and American governments, concerning the future destiny of Mexico. The arrangement is said to be as follows:

"The Mexican Federal Government of 1824 to be re-established under the guaranty of the United States; so that, in case of future pronunciamentos, the U. States Government shall have a right to interfere in support of the Constitutional Government. The Rio Grande to be the boundary line and the Californias to be organized as a distinct Territory, under the protection of the U. States, but not governed by Americans until the inhabitants shall think fit to annex themselves, to favor which purpose the country will be allowed to carry on a free trade with both Republics, and admit colonists from all countries, and of all religions and creeds!"

☞ The Washington Union contradicts this story—remarking that they are authorized to state in the most absolute and unqualified manner, that there is not a particle of truth in it.

Singular Death.—At Exeter, Mr. C. H. Cole met his death on the 17th ult. from the effects of a sixpence, which he had accidentally swallowed 8 years before. After death a post mortem examination took place, when the coin was found lodged in the right bronchia, the lung being in a state of complete gangrene.

The American Board of Missions has about one hundred mission establishments, at prominent points of influence throughout the globe, and its receipts for the past year have exceeded $260,000.

The Macon and Western Railroads of Georgia now extend from Savannah to Atlanta, a continuous chain of *two hundred and ninety-two miles*. Passengers are carried the entire distance in nineteen hours, at the moderate price of ten dollars.

VALUABLE FARM
FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on

Saturday the 12th day of September next,

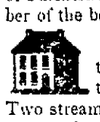
on the premises, the following valuable Estate, viz.:

A FARM,

in Huntington township, Adams county, three miles west of Petersburg, Y. S., adjoining lands of T. Brandon, Harman's Heirs and others, containing

279 ACRES,

of Patented Land, with a due proportion of Timber of the best. The improvements are



Two Log Houses,

two Log Barns, Wagon Shed, &c. two good Springs near the house. Two streams run through the Farm It is in elegant order, with Two APPLE ORCHARDS, of good Fruit. It affords an excellent range for cattle. The Turnpike from Hanover to Carlisle passes through the place.

Said Tract of Land has been divided by order of Court, and will be sold altogether or divided to suit purchasers.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., of said day, when attendance will be given, and terms made known by

WM. MOORHEAD,
Agent for the Heirs of James Moorhead, dec'd.

July 20. ts

REAL ESTATE
AT PUBLIC SALE.

IN pursuance of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, will be offered at Public Sale, on

Tuesday the 15th day of September next,

at 12 o'clock, on the premises,

THE FARM,

Late the Estate of GEORGE SHULTZ, deceased, situate in Franklin township, Adams county, about one-fourth of a mile from D. Kuhn's Tavern, nine miles from Gettysburg, and one and a half from Cash Town, adjoining lands of Mary Brough, Robert Sheckley, Jacob Deardoff, and others, containing

160 ACRES,

more or less, of PATENTED LAND; about 80 Acres of which are cleared; 10 Acres in *MEADOW*, and the residue in **Young Chesnut Timber.**

The improvements are a *DOUBLE LOG HOUSE*, and a double Log SWISSER Barn;

Two Tenant Houses,

with other Out Buildings, and an excellent

APPLE AND PEACH ORCHARD,

and other Fruit Trees, consisting of Plumbs, Pears, Cherries, &c.

There is a spring of water near each house; and Marsh-creek runs near the Farm house. The property will be shown by HENRY SHULTZ, residing thereon, or by the Administrator. Possession will be given on the 1st of April next.

☞Attendance will be given, and the terms of sale made known, by

F. G. HOFFMAN, *Adm'r.*
By the Court,
WM. S. HAMILTON, *Clerk.*

Aug. 24. ts

☞The above Farm will be sold in TWO TRACTS, if it would suit purchasers better; if not, it will be sold entire.

FARM FOR SALE.

WILL BE EXPOSED TO PUBLIC SALE,

On Friday the 30th day of October next,

on the premises,

A FARM,

Late the Estate of MOSES LOCKHART, deceased, situate in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, on the road leading from Sneeringer's Mill to the Littlestown and Hunterstown road, about two miles from Conowago Chapel, adjoining lands of David Zuck, John Polmer, Heirs of James Lockhart, and others, containing about

107 *ACRES*,

more or less—about 35 or 40 of which are in good Timber; 15 or 18 Acres in Meadow—and the Farm is in a good state of cultivation. The

improvements are a one story *STONE HOUSE*, large Stone Bank Barn, and other Out-buildings. There is a never failing spring of water near the house; and a stream of water passes through the Farm.

☞Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, P. M. when attendance will be given, and terms made known by

THE HEIRS.

Aug. 24. ts

FARM FOR SALE.

THE Subscribers, Executors of the Estate of JAMES LOCKHART, deceased, will offer at Public Sale,

On Friday the 30th of October next,

at 2 o'clock, P. M.,

A FARM,

situate in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, about 2½ half miles from Conowago Chapel, on the road leading to Sneeringer's Mill, adjoining lands of Jacob Will, the Heirs of Moses Lockhart, John Bixler, and others, containing

107 ACRES

and allowance: with a due proportion of Timber, and a large quantity of excellent Meadow.

The improvements are a two-story *LOG HOUSE*, weather-boarded, double Log Barn, Corn-crib, Carriage-house, &c. Spring-house, a never-failing spring convenient to the house, a

large Orchard of Fruit Trees; also, a TENANT HOUSE, and Stable, on the premises.

The Farm is in excellent order—having had about 5,000 bushels of Lime put upon it in the last few years.

Any person wishing to view the Farm, will be shown the same by Moses Lockhart, residing thereon.

☞The Terms will be made known on the day of sale, when attendance will be given by

JOHN DICKSON, Jn. } *Ex'rs.*
MOSES LOCKHART, }

Aug. 24. ts

WM. B. M'CLELLAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE South East Corner of the Franklin House, formerly occupied as Sheriff's Office, by Geo. W. M'Clellan, Esq

Dec. 23. tf

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS & OTHERS.

DOMESTIC GOODS.

30000 YDS. DOMESTIC GOODS just finished and for sale low at the Factory of the subscribers near Hanover York county. Their stock consists of

700 *yds. CASSINETTS,*
300 *do. Golden TWEED,*
600 *do. FLANNELS,*
500 *do. BLANKETS, double width*
400 *do. KENTUCKY JEANS,*
200 *do. LINSEYS,*
200 *lbs. STOCKING YARN,*

different colors. All of which they offer either at wholesale or retail, and at prices to suit the times.

S. DILLER & SON.

Aug. 17. tf

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES,

Of all kinds, and in any quantity,

CAN be supplied by the subscriber, at his **Plainfield Nurseries,** near PETERSBURG, (York Springs,) Adams co., Pa.

☞His supply of APPLE TREES is very large—having from 20,000 to 25,000 saleable Trees on hand; and he feels confident that, for size and beauty of appearance, they will surpass any others in the market.

He warrants all his Trees to be genuine.—His TERMS are AS LOW as Trees can be purchased elsewhere. A considerable reduction made to those who take large quantities, or who buy to sell again.

☞Catalogues sent to those who wish them

WM. WRIGHT.

July 13. 2m

PERUVIAN GUANO.
P. A. & S. SMALL,
OF YORK,

HAVE constantly on hand GUANO, of the best quality, which will be sold at the lowest prices.

Extract from the American Agriculturist:

Guano is valuable for every kind of soil except that which is already rich, and to every kind of field or garden crop, Grass, Vegetables, Fruit and Flowers. The reason it is so serviceable to all, arises from the fact of it containing every kind of food necessary for the growth of stem, flower, fruit and seed. The eminent Chemist, Dr. Jackson, of Massachusetts, says: "It comes nearer to a *Universal Compost* than any other excremental manure."

☞Purchasers will be furnished with directions for use.

York, Aug. 24. 4t

NEW TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.
Franklin W. Denwiddie,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Gettysburg and the surrounding country, that he has taken the well-known

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT
of J. H. Skelly,

in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, nearly opposite Mr. Buehler's Apothecary & Book Store, where he is prepared to execute all work in his line with neatness and promptness, and in the latest and most approved style. ☞All work entrusted to him will be warranted to fit. His terms will be very moderate, for CASH or COUNTRY PRODUCE.

☞The Latest Fashions will be regularly received from the cities.

Gettysburg, March 23. 1y

DOCTORS BERLUCHY & BELL

BEG leave to inform those residents of Adams County, who may be afflicted with NERVOUS OR OTHER CHRONIC DISEASES, that they have purchased

Coad's Patent Graduated Galvanic Battery & Insulated Poles,

for Medical purposes alone. This instrument is the only one now known, that can be applied with safety to the most tender organs, as the eye and ear. They have in their possession the highest testimony of its efficacy, not only from Professors of Universities and Colleges, but from many who have obtained cures and relief from maladies considered incurable by other remedies. This instrument may be found useful in Chronic Rheumatism, Tic Doloreaux, Spasms, Paralysis, or Palsy, General Weakness and other diseases incident to Females. The fluid is conveyed through the system, not by shocks as heretofore, but by a continued and gentle stream, which is rather agreeable than otherwise

☞They are ready to operate on those who may apply, at the Office of Dr BELL, and those who cannot be removed, will be waited on at their residence.

Gettysburg, Feb. 23. tf

LAW NOTICE.

THE subscriber having removed from Gettysburg, persons having business with him may find him during all the Courts, and on every Tuesday throughout the year, at the Hotel of James M'Cosh, in Gettysburg, and at all other times at his residence in *Littlestown.*

☞The undersigned is Commissioner for the Acknowledgment of Deeds and all other instruments of writing, under seal, to be used in the State of Maryland.

WM. M'SHERRY.

March 30. 4m

LAW NOTICE.
J. REED, of Carlisle,

PRESENTS his respects to his friends and informs them that he has made arrangements to continue to practice as usual in the Courts of Adams county, under the new regulation of the times for holding them.

Feb. 2. tf

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber hereby gives notice to the public, that he has left in the possession of PETER REIGLE, of Huntington township, Adams county, the following property, belonging to the subscriber; and he notifies the public not to purchase, or take by distress or otherwise, any of the same, to wit:—One sorrel Horse, one Colt, one Grey Mare, 4 head of Horned Cattle, 10 head of Hogs, one Wagon, one Plough, one Harrow, one Shovel-Plough and Fork, two sets of Horse-gears, one Mantle-Clock, one Cook-Stove, two Beds with Bedding, one Carpet, all the Wheat in the Barn, all the Oats in the Straw, and the Corn in growth.

JAMES WILT.

Latimore township, Aug. 18, 1846. 3t

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the *ADMINISTRATION ACCOUNTS* of the deceased persons hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on *Tuesday the 22d day of September next*, viz:

The account of John Hollinger and Jacob Hollinger, Executors of the last will and testament of Valentine Hollinger, deceased.

The Guardianship account of Jacob Mark, Administrator of Peter Mark, deceased, who was Guardian of Polly Sterner, Caroline Sterner, and Adeline Sterner.

The account of Alexander J. Thompson, Administrator of the Estate of Thomas Kerr, deceased.

The account of Philip Wolff, Executor of the last will and testament of Jacob Wolff, jun. deceased.

The account of Joseph Fink, jun. Administrator of the Estate of Ephraim Davis, deceased.

ROBERT COBEAN, *Register.*

Register's Office, Gettysburg, }
Aug. 21, 1846. } 4t

WALTER & CO.
FLOUR & GENERAL PRODUCE
Commission Merchants,

No. 29, South Howard St., below Market St,

BALTIMORE.

Dealers in Flour, Grain, Seeds of all kinds, Butter, Lard, Bacon, Dried Fruit, &c. &c.

☞Liberal advances made on consignments.

REFER TO

J. Landstreet & Son, T. Jones & Co., W. & S. Wyman, T. Cross, Esq Cashier Com. & Far. Bank. Lot, Ensey & Co., Slingluff & Devries. (Baltimore.)	H. M. Brent, Esq. Cash. Valley Bank. J. H. Sherrard, Esq Cash. Far. Bank. (Winchester.)

July 27. 6m

HARVEST HOME!
George Arnold

HAS just received, and now offers for sale, a large stock of

Fresh Groceries, Domestic Muslins, Bed Ticks, Checks, Drillings, Velvet Cords, Lanes, Cassinetts, Calicoes, &c. &c.

all of which will be sold Cheap. Please call, examine and judge for yourselves.

Gettysburg, July 27. 4t

IMPORTANT TO ALL
COUNTRY HOUSEKEEPERS.

YOU may be sure of obtaining, at all times, pure and highly avored

TEAS,

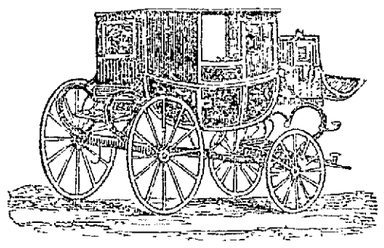
By the single pound or larger quantity, at the PEKIN TEA COMPANY'S WAREHOUSE,

30 *South Second Street, between Market and Chesnut streets, Philadelphia.*

Heretofore it has been very difficult, indeed, almost impossible, to obtain always good Green and Black Teas. But now you have only to visit the Pekin Tea Company's Store, to obtain as delicious and fragrant Tea as you could wish for. All tastes can here be suited, with the advantage of getting a pure article at a low price.

June 22.

COACH MAKING.



THE subscriber, thankful for past favors, respectfully informs the public that he continues the *COACH-MAKING BUSINESS*, in all its various branches, at his Old Stand in York street, (formerly Buckingham's) where he has on hand, and will manufacture to order,

CARRIAGES,
Buggies, Jersey Wagons, &c.

all of the best materials, and by the best of workmen. ☞Call and judge for yourselves.

LEONARD STOUGH.

Gettysburg, April 20. tf

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY
And Machine Shop.

THE subscriber having leased the Foundry in Gettysburg, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has now on hands, and will continue to manufacture, a large assortment of

STOVES,

of all patterns, such as the Hathaway, Parlor, Premium, and nine-plate Cooking Stoves, also Chamber Stoves, of all sorts and sizes.

He has, also, on hand,

Castings for Machinery,

of all kinds—for Threshing Machines, Grist Mills, Saw Mills, &c. also, PLOUGH CASTINGS of all the patterns now in use: he has on hand, already made, a number of the celebrated

SAYLOR PLOUGHS,

which he will sell low. He has also on hand, and will continue to make, HOLLOW-WARE, Wagon and Carriage-boxes, and all other articles in his line of business, which are too numerous to mention. He has, also,

Threshing Machines,

ready made, and continues to manufacture LITTLE'S Patent two-horse Machines, and the Hanover and York patterns.

Any one who may want BRASS CASTINGS, will be attended to.

All the above articles will be sold low, for Cash or Country Produce. Old metal will also be taken in exchange for work.

☞Repairing, and all work in his line, done at the shortest notice.☜

The subscriber is very thankful for past favors, and hopes his friends will remember the Old Establishment in the Western part of the town, near C. W. Hoffman's Coach shop.

T. WARREN.

Gettysburg, Dec. 15. tf

Blacksmithing,

IN all its branches, will be attended to by good workmen, at the Foundry of the subscriber

THOMAS WARREN.

Gettysburg, Dec. 22.

LIFE OF WINFIELD SCOTT.

BY EDWARD D. MANSFIELD,
OF CINCINNATI, OHIO.

This is a work now in publication by A. S. BARNES and Co of New York, and for which J. FRANKLIN KOEHLER is now canvassing the Counties of Adams and York for subscriptions. We have perused a copy of the work, and find in it much of deep and thrilling interest. It is well written, and the incidents detailed cannot but warm the heart of every countryman of the gallant General. It is a handsomely executed volume of 360 pages, and is embellished with a likeness of the General, and several engravings of scenes in his brilliant career. It is published at the low price of ONE DOLLAR, which brings it within the reach of every individual.

NEW WINE & LIQUOR STORE.
M. & A. HAY,

WOULD respectfully make known to the public that they have opened a WINE AND LIQUOR STORE in the house formerly kept as Hay's Tavern, *Sign of the Indian King*, on the south side of Main street, a few doors west of the Market House, and adjoining the residence of Charles A. Barnitz, Esq. in the Borough of York, where they will constantly have on hand for sale a choice and well selected assortment of

Wines, Brandies, Gins,
RUMS, WHISKEYS,
CORDIALS AND BITTERS,

of all qualities and prices.

☞M. & A. HAY respectfully invite those who may need articles in their line to give them a call, as they are confident that they can please them both as regards quality and price, great care having been taken in the selection of their stock.

York, Feb. 23. tf

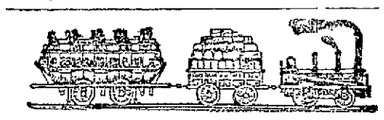
PLUMBE
National Daguerrian Gallery
AND
PHOTOGRAPHIC DEPOTS,
FOUNDED 1840:

Awarded the MEDAL, FOUR FIRST PREMIUMS, and Two HIGHEST HONORS, by the Institutes of Massachusetts, New York and Pennsylvania, respectively, for the most beautifully COLORED DAGUERREOTYPES, and best apparatus ever exhibited.

No. 205 Baltimore Street, Baltimore, adjoining Campbell's Jewelry Store.

Concert Hall, Penn. Avenue, Washington, D. C.	
251 Broadway, N. York,	Market St., St. Louis.
75 Court St., Boston,	Main street, Du Buque.
136 Chesnut St., Phil'a.	Broadway, Saratoga.
56 Canal St., N. O.	Douw's Buildings, Alb.
127 Vieil Roe de Temple, Paris.	Main St, Newport.
32 Churchst. Liverpool	——, Norfolk, Va.
33 Main St., Lou. Ky.	——, Petersburg, Va.
176 Main St., Cinn. O.	Middle St., Portland.

May 11. 3m



Freights from Philadelphia.
REGULAR LINE OF CARS.

THE subscriber runs a Regular Line of Burthen Cars between *PHILADELPHIA AND YORK*, for the Transportation of all kinds of Freight to or from York and the adjoining Counties.

Prices of Freight on Merchandize generally, 30 cents per hundred.

Groceries or Hardware, when 6000 lbs. or more, 25 cents per hundred.

Coffee, if 6000 lbs. or more, 20 cents per hundred.

Salt per sack, 30 cents per hundred.

☞All kinds of Freight to Philadelphia solicited and carried at low rates.

Warehouse in Philadelphia, at No. 365 Market street.—A. L. GERHART, *Agent.*

Warehouse in York at Rail Road Depot, adoining P. A. & S. Small.

HENRY KAUFFELT

York, April 20. tf

JAYNE'S HAIR TONIC.

We have heretofore numbered ourselves among those who believed that the "Hair Tonic" prepared by Dr. Jayne, was one of the many quack nostrums whose virtues are never seen beyond the fulsome puffs of their authors. We are willing, at length, to make public acknowledgment of the error of our belief. An intimate friend, some two or three months since, all the top of whose cranium was as bald as a piece of polished marble, maugre all our jesting and ridicule of the idea of attempting to *cultivate so barren* a spot, purchased a bottle of Hair Tonic from Dr. Jayne, and, according to his directions, applied it. During the present week the same friend ushered himself into our presence, and uncovering his hitherto naked head, astonished us with a thin, though luxuriant growth of hair, from one to two inches in length—upon the very premises we had believed as unyielding to cultivation as the trackless sands that skirt the Atlantic. This is no puff, but it is religiously true, and to those who doubt, the gentleman can be pointed out. What is more in favor of this "Tonic," the case here cited was not one of temporary baldness—no sudden loss of the hair—but was one of years standing though the gentleman is but forty-five years of age.—*Philadelphia Spirit of the Times.*

☞The above Medicine is for sale at the Drug Store of S. H. Buehler, Gettysburg, Pa.

Aug. 31. 3t

CANCER, SCROFULA AND GOITRE.

Ample experience has proved that no combination of medicine has ever been so effectual in removing the above diseases, as Jayne's Alterative. It has effected cures that have been truly astonishing, not only of Cancer and other diseases of that class, but has removed the most stubborn Diseases of the Skin, Swellings, Dyspepsia, &c. &c. This medicine enters into the circulation, and eradicates diseases wherever located. It purifies the blood and other fluids of the body, removes obstructions in the pores of the skin, and reduces enlargements of the glands or bones. It increases the appetite, removes headache and drowsiness, and invigorates the whole system, and imparts animation to the diseased and debilitated constitution. There is nothing superior to it in the whole materia medica. It is perfectly safe and extremely pleasant, and has nothing of the disgusting nausea accompanying the idea of swallowing medicine.

Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.—No remedy has ever been found to remove the above diseases so promptly and effectually as Jayne's Expectorant. It cleanses the lungs from all irritating matters, while at the same time it heals and invigorates them. Prepared only at No. 8 South Third street, Philadelphia.

☞The above Medicine is for sale at the Drug Store of S. H. Buehler, Gettysburg.

Aug. 24. 3t

Great Bargains, in Hats & Caps,

AT THE OLD ESTABLISHED

CHEAP HAT AND CAP STORE,

No. 196 Market St., 2d door below Sixth.
PHILADELPHIA.

WE extend a general invitation to the citizens of Gettysburg and its vicinity, as well as to all others, to our Store. We have on hand a large and complete assortment of HATS and CAPS of every style and variety, which we are selling full one-fourth lower than the usual prices, namely:

Extra Sup. Beaver Hats,	from	$2 50	to $3 50
" Brush "	"	2 00	to 3 00
" Silk "	"	1 25	to 2 00
" Moleskin "	"	2 50 only,	
		usual price $4.	

Good Hats as low as $1 25 and upwards. Also, a complete stock of Caps, cloth, fur trimmed, glazed, silk oil cloth, velvet and fancy Caps; fine Otter, Shetland Fur Seal, Musk Rat, Hair Seal Caps, &c. &c. at lower prices than they can possibly be had elsewhere. From our extensive sales, we can sell for a smaller profit than others can. Call and be satisfied, it is to your interest.

Merchants, Storekeepers, Hatters and others, who buy to sell again, supplied on reasonable terms. Be sure and call at No. 196, Market street, second door below Sixth street.

GARDEN & BROWN.

Philadelphia, Aug. 31. 2m

CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD!
Steam Refined Sugar Candies,
12½ *Cents per pound, Wholesale.*

J. J. RICHARDSON, No. 42 Market street, PHILADELPHIA, takes pleasure in informing the public, that he still continues to sell his very *Superior Steam Refined Candy* at the low price of $12 50 per 100 pounds, and the quality is equal to any manufactured in the United States.

He also offers all kinds of goods in the *Confectionery* and *Fruit* line at corresponding low prices, as quick sales and small profits are the order of the day.

Call or send your orders, and you cannot fail to be satisfied. Don't forget the number, 42 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

J. J. RICHARDSON.

Aug. 31. 3m

Encourage Home Industry.

FARMERS & MECHANICS
WOOLEN FACTORY,
Near Hanover, York county, Pa.

THIS establishment has lately undergone much repair, and is now in complete operation—and will in future be conducted by the undersigned in all its various branches. They continue to manufacture goods of the best quality, such as

Satinet Cloth, Linseys, Blanketing, Flannels, Kentucky Jeans, Tweed Buckram Cords, Carpets, Stocking Yarn, and Wool carded into Rolls,

AT THE FOLLOWING RATES:

Satinet, Chain found	33⅓	per yard
Cloth, narrow,	45 to 50	"
Kentucky Jeans,	25 "	"
Blanketing, narrow,	35 "	"
Linseys,	31¼ "	"
Woolen Flannels, colored,	35 "	"
Do. white,	31¼ "	"

☞Wool carded into Rolls as low as can be done at any other factory.

☞Wool will be taken in at the following places, viz.:—At George Baschoar's Mill, in Union township; at Samuel Diller's, near Littlestown, and at the different Stores in Littlestown; at Mr. Jacob Feeser's Saw-mill, Mountjoy township; at Messrs. Wirt & Emmert's Store, and at the different Stores in Hanover; and at Mr. James K. Menough's Store, on the York road, where the same will be received and punctually delivered whenever finished. Written directions must be sent with the Wool.

The undersigned have entered into the above business, this season, with a renewed spirit, and will avoid no reasonable pains or expense, in executing such work as shall rate, in point of beauty and utility, with the best productions of any other manufactory; and having none other than the best of workmen in their employ, they flatter themselves that the products of their mechanical efforts cannot fail to meet the approbation of all, and give unparalleled satisfaction. Should any mistake occur, they will endeavor, if possible, to rectify it.

☞Wool will be taken in payment at the highest prices.

SAMUEL DILLER & SON.

April 27. tf

☞All letters directed to Littlestown or Hanover, will receive immediate attention.

PLUMBE
National Daguerrian Gallery
And Photographers Furnishing Depots;

AWARDED the Medal, Four first premiums, and Two Highest Honors by the Institutes of Massachusetts, New York, and Pennsylvania, for the most beautiful colored Daguerreotypes and best Apparatus ever exhibited.

☞Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

☞Instructions given in the art.

☞A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st. Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va., Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main st.; Saratoga Springs Broadway.

June 8. 1y

To Printers.

Type Foundry and Printers' Furnishing Warehouse.

THE subscribers have opened a new Type Foundry in the city of New York, where they are ready to supply orders to any extent, for any kind of Job or Fancy Type, Ink, Paper, Cases, Galleys, Brass Rule, Steel Column Rule, Composing Sticks, Chases, and every article necessary for a Printing Office. Also, second hand materials.

The Type which are cut in imitation of the *English* letters, are cast in new Moulds, from an entirely new set of Matrixes, with deep counters, are warranted to be unsurpassed by any, and will be sold at prices to suit the times.—All the type furnished by us is "hand cast."—The Types from any foundry can be matched at this establishment.

Printing Presses furnished, also Steam Engines of the most approved patterns.

☞Composition Rollers cast for Printers.

COCKCROFF & OVEREND, 68 *Ann st.*

Dec. 22. 1y

A variety of Blanks,

Constantly on hand and for sale at this Office.

PROTECTION AGAINST
LOSS BY FIRE.

THE *Cumberland Valley Mutual Protection Company*, being incorporated by an Act of the Legislature, and fully organized and in operation under the direction of the following Board of Managers, viz: Thos. C. Miller, John Moore, David W. McCullough, James Weakly, Wm. Moore, Samuel Galbraith, Thomas Paxton, A. G. Miller, Philip Spangler, Samuel Woods, Abraham Kurtz, George Brindle, & Scott Coyle call the attention of the inhabitants of Cumberland and Adams Counties to the cheapness of the rates, and the many advantages which this kind of insurance has over any other.

1st. Every person insured becomes a member of the company and takes part in the choice of officers and the direction of its concerns.

2d. For insurance no more is demanded than is necessary to meet the expenses of the Company, and indemnity against losses which may happen.

3d. The inconvenience of frequent renewals is avoided by insuring for a term of five years.

4th. Any person applying for insurance must give his premium note for the cheapest class at the rate of five per centum, which will be $50 on the 1000, for which he will have to pay $2—50 for five years, and $1.50 for survey and policy, and no more unless loss be sustained to a greater amount than the funds on hands will cover, and then no more will be required than a pro rata share. These rates are much cheaper than those of other companies, except such as are incorporated on the same principles.

THOS. C MILLER, *Pres't.*

A. G. MILLER, *Sec'y.*

Feb. 5. 6m

☞The following named gentlemen have been appointed AGENTS for Adams county:

Wm. W. Paxton, Esq., *General Agent for Adams County.*

James A. Thompson,	*Gettysburg.*
David Ziegler,	*do.*
Dr. Wm. R. Stewart,	*Petersburg.*
Henry Myers, Esq.	*New Chester.*
Henry Mayer, Esq.	*Abbottstown.*
Daniel Comfort,	*Straban township.*
Abraham King, Esq.	*Hunterstown.*
David Blythe, Esq.	*Millerstown.*
Thos. T. Wierman,	*Arendtsville.*
Wm. Morrison, Esq.	*Bendersville.*
Abel T. Wright,	*do.*
Dr. D. Mellinger,	*East Berlin.*

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF THE

London Quarterly Review, Edinburgh Review, Foreign Quarterly Review, Westminster Review, and Blackwood's Edinburg Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers, in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—Blackwood's Magazine being an exact fac simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical,—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory: the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental Works.

The prices of the re-prints are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS:

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the 4 Reviews,	$3 00	per year
For any two do.	5 00	"
For any three do.	7 00	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8 00	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 00	"
For Blackwood & the 4 Reviews,	10 00	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above work will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers. The former may always be done through a Post-master by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt and forwarding the receipt by mail, post-paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, post-paid, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The Postage on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

****In all the principal Cities and Towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Rail-road or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO. *Publishers,*
112 *Fulton St. New York.*

June 8.

Mathew T. Miller,
(Successor to Robert T. Bicknell,)
EXCHANGE BROKER,
No 8, South Third Street, Philadelphia.

BANK NOTES—Notes on all the solvent Banks in the U. States discounted at the lowest rates.

DRAFTS, NOTES and BILLS collected on the most favorable terms.

EXCHANGE—Bills of exchange and Bank Checks on most of the principal cities of the Union, bought and sold at the best rates.

Exchange on *England* in large or small sums constantly for sale.

Bicknell's Reporter, Counterfeit Detector, and Price Current, is issued from this office every Tuesday. It is devoted chiefly to the condition of the Currency, the Markets, Banking institutions, Counterfeit Notes, &c. Terms $3 per annum payable in advance.

Bicknell's Counterfeit Detector and Bank Note List is published semi-monthly at $1,50 per annum; monthly $1 per annum, payable in advance. This work is printed in pamphlet form of 32 pages. Single copies 12½ cents.

Office open from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Exchange hours, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

THOMAS M'CREARY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE in the South east Corner of the Diamond, between the Hotel of A. B Kurtz and R. W. M'Sherry's Store.

Gettysburg, Dec. 15. tf

HENRY CLAY AT HOME.

A correspondent of the National Intelligencer, who recently ascended the Mississippi and Ohio from New Orleans, thus speaks of a visit which he paid to the great Statesman of the West:

Ashland is about two miles from Lexington, and its old-fashioned mansion, after catching a view of it at some distance, is suddenly hid among the lofty trees that almost surround it. When our party reached the gate which stood wide open, no house could be seen: we entered, and, winding through the copse, ASHLAND in all its beauty flashed upon us. We had scarcely entered the hall when Mr. CLAY came to greet us with his bland smile and cordial shake of the hand, which made me, at least, feel as if I were at home. The grounds of Ashland are in a high state of cultivation, and it would do a farmer good to look upon them. He boasted not of it, but some of his neighbors told me that Mr. CLAY stands "A No. 1," (as we merchants say) especially in cultivating and putting up hemp; and, from all I heard and witnessed, I dare say he is as well qualified to impart useful information to the cultivators of the soil, as he is to enlighten us on the great political questions of the age. There he sat at Ashland in a plain farmer's dress, discoursing with his accustomed frankness on many subjects, and sometimes giving utterance to sentiments that other men should write books upon; but not an unkind expression towards any individual, whether private or public, escaped his lips. Time has laid but a sparing hand upon the great American statesman. I never saw him look better or happier; his step is elastic, his faculties appear fresh and vigorous, and the chances are that he will live to witness the election of several Presidents.

Bread Stuffs.—The last news from England has had a very favorable effect on flour and grain, and an advance of 25 per cent. has taken place. Very large orders for Indian corn are said to have been sent out from England to this country. Orders to the same purport have also been sent to the Mediterranean.—They are intended for the supply of Ireland.

Killed by Lightning.—During a severe storm in Wilton, Saratoga co., N. Y., on the 3d instant, the wife of Rev. D. S. Jackson was struck dead instantly by lightning, while standing near a window. Her husband was away upon an agency, and the sad news can reach him only through public journals, as no one but his wife knew his intended course.

A great case of villainy came to light in Baltimore a few days since, and which has caused considerable talk in certain quarters. It appears that a young man, of prepossessing appearance, had won the affections of a widow lady, in the prime of life, living in the State of Virginia. He induced her, there being opposition to their union at home, to leave her native State, and come with him to Baltimore, and there tie the nuptial knot. They arrived here, and put up at the Exchange Hotel, and, after a few days sojourn, the graceless scamp left for parts unknown, taking with him some $400 in money, a note of hand for $400 more, and all the valuables the lady possessed. It was several days before she made any complaint of her loss, but it was then too late to catch the villain, who, after stripping a confidential female of nearly all she was worth, left her penniless and among strangers. It is said that the parties, the lady especially, are of the first blood of some of the Virginia aristocracy.

A Hard Case.—Capt. Kennedy of the Franklin volunteers of Louisiana, informs the editors of the Picayune that in the settlement of the accounts of his men each one of them is brought *four dollars in debt.* Some of them have left the city, having begged passages up the river; but half of them are still here, miserably clad, and with no means of subsistence. Their case strikes us as peculiarly hard. We are told that the men were charged $40 a piece for their clothing, a greater part of which was lost on the steamboat Frontier, when she was wrecked.—*N. O. Bee.*

The World's Temperance Convention.—We see by the London papers that the World's Temperance Convention was in full operation. They do not go into these matters abroad with the same zeal that is displayed on this side of the Atlantic. There were but 250 delegates present, including, in addition to those from English, Irish and Scotch towns, representatives from the United States of America, the East Indies, and France. The object of the Convention is to ascertain the state of the Temperance cause in all parts of the globe, to receive suggestions as to the most effectual method of extending the temperance reformation, and to effect the formation of a Temperance Union throughout the world.

Strict Justice.—The ex-mayor of Miamisburg, Ohio, was fined five dollars and imprisoned twelve hours, for being engaged in a street fight.

Extraordinary Speed.—Merchants of Liverpool, who wrote letters to Boston on the 19th July, received answers from Boston in twenty-four days afterwards. The steamer Cambria, on her late outward trip to Liverpool, was only seven days, after losing sight of land at Halifax, before she made land on the other side.

An old miser by the name of DICK died at Millville, Ohio, last week. After his death there was found in an old iron chest in his room $33,000 in gold!

THE ISSUE IN OCTOBER NEXT.

Jas. M. Power AND THE *Whig Tariff of* 1842.	**Wm. B. Foster** AND THE *British Tariff of* 1846.

People of Pennsylvania, says the Reading Journal, here is the issue fairly stated. The election of JAMES M. POWER will be regarded all over the Union as evidence not to be misunderstood, that PENNSYLVANIA is not to be PROSTRATED IN THE DUST, or her honest voters CHEATED and HUMBUGGED with impunity—while every vote polled for WILLIAM B. FOSTER will be deemed an expression in favor of FREE TRADE and the BRITISH TARIFF of 1846.

THE SIGN OF DECEPTION AND THE REMEDY.

When a man tells you that he is hostile to the Tariff of 1846, and yet adheres to the Polk Free Trade Administration, let his declaration pass in at one ear and out at the other. He is deceiving you; will you be so deceived?

When a man tells you that he goes for the repeal of the tariff, yet that he will vote for the Democratic nominees at the coming fall elections, distrust and leave him. He does not mean what he says, and is only following up the idea, insulting as it is, thrown out by the Senator from Arkansas, that Pennsylvania will give a Democratic majority, no matter how she shall be treated.

Shall Pennsylvanians be so cringing, slavish and mean, as to to *kiss the hand that smites?* Not exactly. The Democrats have destroyed our Tariff, and they will not restore it, nor permit its restoration, until convinced by a signal *flogging* at the polls, that Mr. Sevier and the other leaders were totally mistaken in supposing they could "kick and cuff" Pennsylvania, and still count on her aid.

So soon as we show the jugglers that their sway is gone in Pennsylvania, unless they repeal the British Tariff and give us back protection, they will at once accede to our wishes. The only way to do that is, to give a majority to the Whig ticket, at the next election.—The only general ticket in the field is that for Canal Commissioner—that then will *be the test.* Let every man in Pennsylvania who desires a repeal of the "British Tariff," cast his vote for James M. Power, the Whig candidate for Canal Commissioner—that will be an expression directly in favor of repeal, and in rebuke of the insolence of Sevier, of Arkansas, and all who suppose Pennsylvania incapable of resenting injuries by giving a Whig majority.

"Another Effect."—The miners, we understand, are leaving the coal regions as fast as they can gather means. A considerable number come down every day, and put themselves in a way to reach England, or Nova Scotia, where better wages can be earned. We speak now of facts, mentioned to us yesterday, by one who knows the movements in these matters, and who fully understands and feels the operation of the new tariff upon the industrial interests of Pennsylvania.—*Philad. U. S. Gaz.*

Defrauding the Indians.—The Galena Gazette and Advertiser of the 21st, says:—"A deputation of Winnebago Indians is soon to leave for Washington, for the purpose of treating with the Government for a sale of their lands. This is a desirable object for all concerned. There is another matter that should be attended to immediately—the payment of *winter clothing* should not be made to the Indians in the *summer*, as has been the case this year. The consequence is, that much of this property has passed into the hands of the infamous whiskey dealers, along the line. One of these vermin, has, we are told, *four hundred* of these blankets which he has purchased at *three bottles of whiskey apiece.* The common price for such blankets is about six dollars."

Deserters.—At the siege of Fort Brown, the Mexicans, fearing that the Americans would burn the town, resolved not to fire on the fort. Two soldiers deserted to the enemy; one was an Irishman, the other a British deserter, both intelligent men, who knew the amount of ammunition in the fort, and advised the Mexicans to bombard the fort, which they did, with shot and shells, which could not be returned, as little powder was left, and in this way they sustained the heavy firing for several days, and our men might have been destroyed or taken had not the battles of the 8th and 9th of May relieved them. The rascals who gave the Mexicans the information were also actively engaged in the bombardment, and one of them assisted in pointing a gun.

Making Himself Useful.—A student in Western Reserve College, who has been there in various stages of education for nine years, has supported himself by grafting, inoculating, and otherwise introducing choice fruits, and has, in fact, revolutionized and luxuriated all the town round. That man will make himself a living any where, and not be dependent upon charity for subsistence.

Tight Lacing.—A learned doctor, referring to tight lacing, avers that it is a public benefit, inasmuch as it kills all the foolish girls, and leaves the wise ones to grow up to be women.

Locofoco Free Trade Ticket.

Canal Commissioner—Wm. B. Foster.
Assembly—Isaac E. Wierman.
Commissioner—Jonathan Raymond.
Director—Abraham Spangler.
Auditor—Joseph Bittinger.

A CARD—PILES CURED.

Philadelphia, Nov. 2, 1842.

Messrs. Editors: As there are many persons who are suffering much from Hemorrhoides, or Piles, I would inform them, through the medium of your paper, that after many years affliction with them, and having in vain sought relief from various physicians, that I have at length been completely cured by the use of four bottles of Dr. Jayne's Vermifuge, which has not only cured me of the Piles, but has greatly benefited my health otherwise. HUMANITY.

Jayne's Alterative, an Alterative and Depurative Preparation, combining all the medicinal virtues of those articles, which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient alterative and deobstruent properties, for the cure of Scrofula, King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Scrofulous, Cancerous and Indolent Tumors, Rheumatism, Gout, Scurvy, Neuralgia, or Tic-Doloreaux, Cancer, Goitre or Bronchocele (swelled neck) enlargements of the bones, joints or ligaments, or of the ovaries, liver, spleen, kidneys, &c. All the various Diseases of the Skin, such as tetter, ring-worm, biles, pimples, carbuncles, &c., dropsical swellings, constitutional disorders, and diseases originating from a depraved or impure state of the blood or other fluids of the body.

Prepared only by Dr. D. Jayne, No 8 South Third street, Philadelphia.

☞The above Medicine is for sale at the Drug Store of S. H. Buehler, Gettysburg, Pa.

Sept. 14. 3t

V. B. PALMER, Esq. N. W. corner of Third and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia, and 160 Nassau street, (Tribune Buildings) New York, and S. E. corner of Baltimore and Calvert streets, Baltimore, is our authorized Agent for receiving advertisements and subscriptions to the "ADAMS SENTINEL," and collecting and receipting for the same.

Baltimore Price Current.

Flour,		4 00
Wheat,	85 to	94
Rye,	63 to	68
Corn,	50 to	55
Oats,	31 to	32
Beef Cattle,	4 00 to	5 25

MARRIED,

On Wednesday morning last, by the Rev. James C. Watson, Mr. JOHN H. OYSTER, near Washington City, to Miss PHEBE ANN FLOHR, of this borough.

On the 10th inst. by the Rev. B. Keller, Mr. JOHN H. CULP, to Miss SARAH ELIZABETH CRILLY—both of this place.

On the 8th inst. by the Rev. Mr. Albert, Dr. JOHN W. C. O'NEAL, to Miss ELLEN, daughter of Mr Henry Wirt—both of Hanover.

On the 3d inst. by the Rev. Mr. Sechler, Mr. SAMUEL FICKEL, of this county, to Miss SARAH HURD, of Hanover.

DIED,

On Tuesday last, Mrs. ANNA MARIA CULP, widow of Mr. Matthias Culp, of this borough, aged about 73 years.

Near Littlestown, on the 2d inst. Mr. HENRY PALMER, aged 28 years 7 months and 11 days.

On the 6th inst. at his residence in Columbia, Pa., WILLIAM WRIGHT, an old and much respected citizen of that place.

CONGRESS.

To the Free Electors of the 15th Congressional District, composed of York and Adams Counties:

FELLOW-CITIZENS:—Having on a former occasion been honored with a majority of your suffrages for a seat in the Congress of the United States, and while acting as my judgment dictated, gave satisfaction to my constituents, so far as I am aware; and having been solicited by many warm and respected friends to become a candidate for the same office at the ensuing Election in October next, the encouragement which those considerations afford induces me to again offer myself as a candidate for a seat in the

Thirtieth Congress of the U. States.

Should you think me worthy of your support and I receive a majority of your votes, I will endeavor to promote the interests of my constituents and our common Country, by defending such principles as were advocated by the Fathers of the Nation, among which is PROTECTION TO AMERICAN INTERESTS, in preference to those of FOREIGN LANDS.

Your friend and humble servant,
HENRY NES.

York, Sept. 14.

REAL ESTATE
AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER WILL OFFER AT PUBLIC SALE,

On Thursday the 8th of October next,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises,

THE FARM,

upon which he resides, situated about two and a half miles west of Petersburg, (Y. S.) adjoining lands of Michael Bower, Frederick Bower, and others, containing

80 ACRES,

of PATENTED LAND, of good quality, a considerable portion of which has been limed, and 20 Acres of it in good thriving Timber, within 2 miles of a Lime-kiln. The improvements are a good two-story Log

Dwelling House,

with a well and running water at the door, a double Log Barn, and other Out-buildings.—There are

TWO ORCHARDS

of excellent Fruit on this property. Any person wishing to purchase a valuable property is requested to call on the subscriber, and view the above property.

☞The conditions will be made known on the day of sale

JOEL BOWER.

Sept. 14. ts

Pennsylvania Riflemen!

YOU will parade at the house of Isaac Robison, in Fairfield, on *Saturday the 26th day of September, inst.* at 10 o'clock, precisely, in Summer Uniform. Each member to be provided with 10 rounds of ball and cartridge, as there will be a shooting at a target by the members.

By order of the Captain,
A. COBEAN, *O. S.*

Sept. 14. td

Gettysburg Troop!

YOU will meet at Moritz's Tavern, 3 miles this side of Emmitsburg, at 9 o'clock, on *next Saturday*, in order to march to Emmitsburg. A punctual attendance is requested.

R. M CURDY, *Capt.*

Sept. 14. 1t

A variety of Blanks,

Constantly on hand and for sale at this Office.

AGENT WANTED
FOR THIS COUNTY.

THE business will be to procure subscribers for, and sell, when published, a large, new, splendid township Map of the STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA. The qualifications required are a small capital of $100, *sobriety, integrity, industry, energy,* and *active business talents.* Information of the terms of the agency (which are liberal) will be given on application, POSTAGE PAID, to

ALEXANDER HARRISON,
Superintending Agent,
8½ South 7th street, Philadelphia.

Sept. 14. 6m

NOTICE.

Estate of Fletcher Moorhead, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of FLETCHER MOORHEAD, late of Latimore township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber residing in Huntington township, he hereby gives notice to those indebted to said Estate to call and settle the same, and those who have claims, to present the same, properly authenticated, for settlement.

WILLIAM MOORHEAD, *Adm'r.*

Sept. 11. 6t

WASHINGTON HOUSE.

THE subscriber has the pleasure of informing his friends and the public generally, that he has opened the above named establishment in

New Oxford, Adams Co., Pa.

situated between York and Gettysburg. Having provided himself with every thing requisite for the accommodation and comfort of travellers, he flatters himself able to render his house worthy of patronage, which he respectfully solicits.

GEORGE HERSH.

☞The Stabling attached is large and commodious.

New Oxford, Aug. 31. 6t

FALL MILLINERY GOODS.

JOHN STONE & SONS,
DEALERS IN
Silks, Ribbons & Millinery Goods,
No. 45 South Second Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

HAVE now in Store a large assortment of

RICH MILLINERY GOODS,

adapted to Fall Sales, such as
Bonnet Silks and Satins—figured and plain.
Fancy Ribbons, of entirely new styles.
Plain Mantua and Satin Ribbons, of all widths.
Black and colored Silk Velvets.
French Fancy Feathers and Flowers.
French Cap Nets and Laces.
Buckrams, Willows, Crown Linings, &c. &c.

Many of the above articles being of their own importation, they are enabled to offer them at the lowest prices.

Philadelphia, Sept. 7. 1m

Stoves! Stoves!!

ON hand and for sale by the subscriber, all kinds of

STOVES,

which will be sold at prices to suit the times. Call and see.

GEORGE ARNOLD.

Aug. 31. tf

NOTICE.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice to the public, that he has given into the possession of JOHN CAMP, of Berwick township, Adams county, one *Grey Horse*, which I purchased from Capt. L. Waggoner. I notify the public not to purchase said Horse, nor take him by distress or otherwise, as he belongs to me.

J. L. NOEL.

Berwick, Aug. 29, 1846. 3t

NOTICE.

Estate of Mary Weikert, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of MARY WEIKERT, late of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber residing in said township, he hereby gives notice to those indebted to said Estate to call and settle the same, and those who have claims, to present the same, properly authenticated, for settlement.

PETER WEIKERT, *Adm'r.*

Sept. 7. 6t

NOTICE.

THE Account of DAVID CHAMBERLAIN, Assignee in trust, &c. of THOMAS GOODMAN, has been filed for confirmation and allowance, in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county; and the said Court has appointed *Tuesday the 22d day of September next,* for the confirmation of said account, unless cause to the contrary be then shown.

A. B. KURTZ, *Proth'y.*

Prothonotary's Office, Gettysburg, Aug. 31, 1846. 3t

NOTICE.

THE Second Account of JOSEPH BITTINGER, Trustee of GEORGE BITTINGER, has been filed for confirmation and allowance, in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county; and the said Court has appointed *Tuesday the 22d day of September next* for the confirmation of said account, unless cause to the contrary be then shown.

A. B. KURTZ, *Proth'y.*

Prothonotary's Office, Gettysburg, Aug. 31, 1846. 3t

NOTICE.

THE Account of CHARLES KETTLEWELL GEORGE DEARDORFF, and WILLIAM R SADLER, Trustees of ARCHIBALD LOVE, has been filed for confirmation and allowance, in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and the said Court has appointed *Tuesday the 22d day of September next,* for the confirmation of said account, unless cause to the contrary be then shown.

A. B. KURTZ, *Proth'y.*

Prothonotary's Office, Gettysburg, Aug. 31, 1846. 3t

NOTICE.

THE Account of SAMUEL MILLER, Assignee of the estate and effects of ISAAC LEFEVER, has been filed for confirmation and allowance, in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and the said Court has appointed *Tuesday the 22d day of September next,* for the confirmation of said Account, unless cause to the contrary be then shown.

A. B. KURTZ, *Proth'y.*

Prothonotary's Office, Gettysburg, Aug. 31, 1846. 3t

ROCK-CREEK FARM
FOR SALE.

THE subscriber, Administrator with the Will annexed, of WILLIAM M'CLELLAN, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, deceased, will sell at Public Sale,

On Tuesday the 22d of September, inst.

at 3 o'clock, P. M. on the premises, that valuable

FARM,

situate in Straban township, Adams county, one mile from Gettysburg, on the road leading to Harrisburg, containing

120 ACRES,

or upwards, of Patented Land. ☞For further particulars see Bills posted at the public places. Persons wishing to purchase, would do well to attend the sale, as the property must be sold.—An indisputable title will be made to the purchaser. Terms to suit the times.

WM. KING, *Adm'r.*

Sept. 7. ts

VALUABLE FARM
FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS AT PRIVATE SALE,

HIS FARM,

situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, about 3 miles from Gettysburg, on Marsh-creek, containing about

235 Acres,

of which about 60 or 70 are in first-rate TIMBER LAND, superior to any in the settlement; and about 70 or 80 Acres in excellent *BOTTOM LAND* The fences are all in first-rate order, and the Farm is in a perfect state of cultivation. The improvements are a

VERY LARGE
BRICK HOUSE,

a BANK BARN, part stone and part frame, 80 *feet in length*, Stable, Wagon-shed, Corn-crib, Smoke-house, and all other necessary Out-buildings; a first-rate

ORCHARD

of bearing Fruit, and a YOUNG ORCHARD of choice Fruit, just beginning to bear, with a great variety of Apple, Peach, Plum Trees, &c. on different parts of the Farm. There is a never-failing well of water at the door; a fine Spring in the Barn-yard, and springs in the fields that never fail. ☞Marsh-creek also runs through the Farm.

☞As the subscriber is desirous of quitting Farming, he will sell on very reasonable terms—which may be known on application to him, on the premises.

MARK FORNEY.

Aug. 31. 2m

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE
FOR SALE.

IN pursuance of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, will be exposed to Sale, by Public Vendue,

On Friday the 25th of September next,

at 10 o'clock, a certain

PLANTATION,
Or Tract of Patented Land,

situate and lying partly in the Township of Straban, and partly in the Township of Mountpleasant, in the said County, three miles from Gettysburg, and one mile from the York and Gettysburg Turnpike, adjoining lands of Isaac Miller, Benjamin Myers, and others, containing

137 *Acres, neat measure.*

Having thereon erected a one and one-half story

STONE HOUSE,

large Bank Barn, partly stone, and partly frame, Stone Wash-house, Spring-house, Wagon-shed, Corn-crib, and other Out-houses; also, near the door, a spring of never-failing water, and a small stream passing through the Farm. There are also

TWO ORCHARDS

thereon, yielding choice Fruit, and a variety of FRUIT TREES. There is a good proportion of MEADOW, and also of WOOD-LAND, well timbered. The whole Farm is in a good state of cultivation. To be sold as late the Estate of GEORGE MYERS, deceased.

☞The sale will be held on the premises; and the terms will then be made known by BENJAMIN MALAUN, the Administrator of said Estate; and also to persons wishing to view the premises, in the mean while, by the WIDOW, residing thereon.

BENJAMIN MALAUN,
Administrator of George Myers, dec'd.
By the Court,
WM. S. HAMILTON, *Clerk.*

Aug. 31. ts

ASSIGNEE'S SALE
Of Real Property

WILL BE EXPOSED TO PUBLIC SALE,

On Saturday the 10th of October next,

on the premises,

A TRACT OF LAND,

situate in Menallen township, Adams county, about two miles west of Bendersville, containing

170 ACRES,

more or less. The improvements are a one and one-half story Log

Dwelling House,

with three large rooms and two Kitchens below; a double Log Barn with sheds a two story LOG WEAVER SHOP, with an excellent spring of water, and a Spring-house, and a never-failing stream of water passes through the Farm; also a good

Orchard of choice Fruit

About 100 Acres are cleared, and the balance well covered with good

Chesnut & Oak Timber,

with a good proportion of Meadow.

Any person wishing to view the property will be shown the same by John Thomas, living on the premises.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock on said day, when due attendance will be given, and terms made known by

ANTHONY DEARDORFF,
Assignee of John Thomas.

Aug. 31. ts

FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will offer his FARM at Public Sale, on

Thursday the 8th day of October next,

at 1 o'clock, P. M. ☞For further particulars see Handbills at the various Public houses in the County.

JOHN EIKER

Aug. 3. ts

CAPITALISTS, LOOK HERE!
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE
AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber, Administrator with the Will annexed, of DAVID M'CREARY, deceased, late of Straban township, Adams county, will offer at Public Sale,

On Friday the 9th day of October next,

on the premises, in said township, the valuable

FARM

of said deceased, lying on the road leading from Hunterstown to Hanover, about one mile southeast of the former place, adjoining lands of Jas. Bell, Jacob Taughinbaugh, Daniel Comfort and others, containing

370 ACRES,

more or less. The improvements on the Farm are valuable and in good condition, including a two-story

Log House,

weather-boarded, with a Log Kitchen attached; a double Log Barn, &c.—There is a never-failing spring of water convenient to the House, and running water through the barn-yard; also an

APPLE ORCHARD

of the choicest kind of Fruit. The tract is well timbered, and has a sufficiency of good Meadow-land. The road leading from Hunterstown to Hanover runs nearly through the centre of the cleared land. As the property can readily be divided, it will be sold in two parts or altogether, as may suit purchasers.—ALSO,

At the same time and place,

will be sold a

Lot of Cleared Ground,

connected with the above tract, and adjoining lands of Daniel Comfort and others, containing

11 ACRES,

more or less, on which is a never-failing spring of water. Any person wishing to view the above Property, can do so by calling on Samuel or Wm. M'Creary, residing on the Farm. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and the terms made known by the subscriber.

☞If the above Property is not sold as above, it will be *RENTED* for one year.

JOHN DEARDORFF, *Adm'r.*

Sept. 7. 4t

PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber, Administrator with the will annexed, of PAUL SOUR, deceased, will offer at Public Sale,

On Saturday the 3d of October next,

on the premises,

A FARM,

late the property of said deceased, situate in Menallen township, Adams county, adjoining lands of John Sour, Wm. Wright and others, containing

260 ACRES,

more or less, of Patented Land, about 100 Acres of which are cleared—the remainder heavily covered with Chesnut and other Timber. The improvements are a two-story

Stone House,

double Log Barn, &c. with an ORCHARD.—The above property will be sold altogether or divided to suit purchasers. Any person wishing to view the above property, will be shown the same by Jesse Chronister residing thereon.

☞Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given, and terms of sale made known by

JAMES J. WILLS,
Adm'r with the Will annexed.

Sept. 7. ts

N. B. If the above property is not sold on said day, it will be RENTED for one year from the 1st of April next.

FARM FOR SALE.

WILL BE EXPOSED TO PUBLIC SALE,

On Friday the 30th day of October next,

on the premises,

A FARM,

Late the Estate of MOSES LOCKHART, deceased, situate in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, on the road leading from Sneeringer's Mill to the Littlestown and Hunterstown road, about two miles from Conowago Chapel, adjoining lands of David Zuck, John Polmer, Heirs of James Lockhart, and others, containing about

107 *ACRES,*

more or less—about 35 or 40 of which are in good Timber; 15 or 18 Acres in Meadow—and the Farm is in a good state of cultivation. The improvements are a one story

STONE HOUSE,

large Stone Bank Barn, and other Out-buildings. There is a never failing spring of water near the house; and a stream of water passes through the Farm.

☞Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, P. M. when attendance will be given, and terms made known by

THE HEIRS.

Aug. 24. ts

FARM FOR SALE.

THE Subscribers, Executors of the Estate of JAMES LOCKHART, deceased, will offer at Public Sale,

On Friday the 30th of October next,

at 2 o clock, P. M.,

A FARM,

situate in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, about 2½ half miles from Conowago Chapel, on the road leading to Sneeringer's Mill, adjoining lands of Jacob Will, the Heirs of Moses Lockhart, John Bixler, and others, containing

107 ACRES

and allowance: with a due proportion of Timber, and a large quantity of excellent Meadow. The improvements are a two-story

LOG HOUSE,

weather-boarded, double Log Barn, Corn-crib, Carriage-house, &c. Spring-house, a never failing spring convenient to the house, a large Orchard of Fruit Trees; also, a

TENANT HOUSE,

and Stable, on the premises.

The Farm is in excellent order—having had about 5,000 bushels of Lime put upon it in the last few years.

Any person wishing to view the Farm, will be shown the same by Moses Lockhart, residing thereon.

☞The Terms will be made known on the day of sale, when attendance will be given by

JOHN DICKSON, Jr. } *Ex'rs.*
MOSES LOCKHART, }

Aug. 24. ts

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, in and by act of the General Assembly of this State, entitled "An Act to regulate the General Elections of this Commonwealth," enacted on the second day of July, 1839, it is enjoined on me to give public Notice of such Election to be held, and to enumerate in such notice what Officers are to be elected: I, BENJAMIN SCHRIVER, Sheriff of the County of Adams, do, therefore, hereby make and give this *PUBLIC NOTICE*, to the Electors of the said County of Adams, that a

GENERAL ELECTION

Will be held in the said County, on the

Second Tuesday of October next, (the 13th,)

at the several districts, composed of the following Townships, viz:

In the First District, composed of the Borough of Gettysburg, and the Township of Cumberland, at the Court house in Gettysburg.

In the Second District, composed of the Township of Germany, at the house now occupied by John Toner, in the town of Littlestown, in the township of Germany.

In the Third District, composed of that part of the Township of Berwick, not included in the 15th District, at the house of John Miley, Esq., in the town of Oxford.

In the Fourth District, composed of the Townships of Latimore and Huntington, at the house of William Chronister, in the township of Huntington.

In the Fifth District, composed of the Townships of Hamiltonban and Liberty, at the public School house in Millerstown.

In the Sixth District, composed of the township of Hamilton, at the house now occupied by George Bentzel, in the town of Berlin.

In the Seventh District, composed of the township of Menallen, at the house of Isaac Yount, in said township.

In the Eighth District, composed of the township of Straban, at the house occupied by John N. Graft, in Hunterstown.

In the Ninth District, composed of the township of Franklin, at the house now occupied by Henry Hartman, in said township.

In the Tenth District, composed of the township of Conowago, at the house of John Busby, in M'Sherrystown.

In the Eleventh District, composed of the township of Tyrone, at the house of Frederick Bowers, in Heidlersburg.

In the Twelfth District, composed of the township of Monntjoy, at the house of Mrs. Larriner, in said township.

In the Thirteenth District, composed of the township of Mountpleasant, at the house of Anthony Smith, in said township, situate at the cross roads, the one leading from Oxford to the Two Taverns—the other from Hunterstown to Hanover.

In the Fourteenth District, composed of the township of Reading, at the Public School-house in the town of Hampton.

In the fifteenth District, composed of the Borough of Berwick, and that part of Berwick township, ONLY, included within the following limits, to wit: beginning where the Hanover and Petersburg turnpike crosses the York county line, thence along said turnpike to the place where the road from Berlin to Oxford crosses the said turnpike, thence along the said Oxford road until it intersects the new road from George Mummert's farm, on the said Oxford road, and thence along said road to the York county line, near David Hollinger's saw mill, thence along said York county line to place of beginning, at the Public School-house in Abbottstown.

In the Sixteenth District, composed of the township of Freedom, at the house of Nicholas Moritz, in said township.

In the Seventeenth District, composed of the township of Union, at the house of Enoch Lefever, in said township.

AT WHICH TIME AND PLACES WILL BE ELECTED

One Canal Commissioner;
One Representative in Congress, from the District composed of the Counties of Adams and York;
One Representative in the State Legislature;
One County Commissioner;
One Auditor; and
One Director of the Poor.

And, in and by an Act of the General Assembly of this State, passed the 2d day of July, 1839, it is directed that the INSPECTORS and JUDGES be at the places of their Districts on the day of the General Election aforesaid, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, to do and perform the several duties required and enjoined on them in and by the same Act.

Also—In and by virtue of the 13th Section of the Act aforesaid, every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city, or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is, or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every Member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or Common Council of any City, or Commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising, at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector, or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Judge, Inspector, or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for.

And be it further directed, in and by the Act of the General Assembly of this State aforesaid, that one of the JUDGES of each of the different districts aforesaid, who shall have the charge of the certificate of the number of votes which shall have been given for each Candidate for the different offices then and there voted for at their respective districts, shall meet on the third day after the Election, which shall be on *Friday the 16th of October aforesaid*, at the Court-house in the Borough of Gettysburg, then and there to make a fair statement and certificate of the number of votes which shall have been given at the different districts in the county of Adams, for any person or persons for the offices aforesaid.

BENJAMIN SCHRIVER, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Sept. 7, 1846. } te

NOTICE.

Estate of David Wilson, deceased:

LETTERS Testamentary on the Estate of DAVID WILSON, late of Hamiltonban township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in said township, he hereby gives notice to those indebted to said Estate to call and settle the same, and those who have claims, to present the same, properly authenticated, for settlement.

WM. WILSON, *Ex'r.*

Aug 24. 6t

REAL ESTATE

AT PUBLIC SALE.

IN pursuance of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, will be offered at Public Sale, on

Tuesday the 15th day of September next,

at 12 o'clock, on the premises,

THE FARM,

Late the Estate of GEORGE SHULTZ, deceased, situate in Franklin township, Adams county, about one-fourth of a mile from D. Kuhn's Tavern, nine miles from Gettysburg, and one and a half from Cash Town, adjoining lands of Mary Brough, Robert Sheckley, Jacob Deardorff, and others, containing

150 ACRES,

more or less, of PATENTED LAND; about 80 Acres of which are cleared; 10 Acres in *MEADOW*, and the residue in **Young Chesnut Timber.**

The improvements are a *DOUBLE LOG HOUSE*, and a double Log SWISSER Barn;

Two Tenant Houses,

with other Out Buildings, and an excellent

APPLE AND PEACH ORCHARD,

and other Fruit Trees, consisting of Plumbs, Pears, Cherries, &c.

There is a spring of water near each house, and Marsh-creek runs near the Farm house. The property will be shown by HENRY SHULTZ, residing thereon, or by the Administrator. Possession will be given on the 1st of April next.

☞ Attendance will be given, and the terms of sale made known, by

F. G. HOFFMAN, *Adm'r.*

By the Court,

WM. S. HAMILTON, *Clerk.*

Aug. 24. ts

☞ The above Farm will be sold in TWO TRACTS, if it would suit purchasers better; if not, it will be sold entire.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the *ADMINISTRATION ACCOUNTS* of the deceased persons hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on *Tuesday the 22d day of September next*, viz.:

The account of John Hollinger and Jacob Hollinger, Executors of the last will and testament of Valentine Hollinger, deceased.

The Gurdianship account of Jacob Mark, Administrator of Peter Mark, deceased, who was Guardian of Polly Sterner, Caroline Sterner, and Adeline Sterner.

The account of Alexander J. Thompson, Administrator of the Estate of Thomas Kerr, deceased.

The account of Philip Wolff, Executor of the last will and testament of Jacob Wolff, jun. deceased.

The account of Joseph Fink, jun. Administrator of the Estate of Ephraim Davis, deceased.

ROBERT COBEAN, *Register.*

Register's Office, Gettysburg, Aug. 24, 1846. } te

WALTER & CO.

FLOUR & GENERAL PRODUCE

Commission Merchants,

No. 29, South Howard St., below Market St.,

BALTIMORE.

Dealers in Flour, Grain, Seeds of all kinds, Butter, Lard, Bacon, Dried Fruit, &c. &c.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments

REFER TO

J. Landstreet & Son, T. Jones & Co., W. & S. Wyman, T. Cross, Esq. Cashier Com. & Far. Bank. Ldt. Ensey & Co., Slingluff & Devries, *Baltimore.*	H. M. Brent, Esq. Cash. Valley Bank. J. H. Sherrard, Esq. Cash. Far. Bank. *Winchester.*

July 27. 6m

IMPORTANT TO ALL

COUNTRY HOUSEKEEPERS.

YOU may be sure of obtaining, at all times, pure and highly avored

TEAS,

By the single pound or larger quantity, at the PEKIN TEA COMPANY'S WAREHOUSE, 30 *South Second Street, between Market and Chesnut streets, Philadelphia.*

Heretofore it has been very difficult, indeed, almost impossible, to obtain always good Green and Black Teas. But now you have only to visit the Pekin Tea Company's Store, to obtain as delicious and fragrant Tea as you could wish for. All tastes can here be suited, with the advantage of getting a pure article at a low price.

June 22.

PERUVIAN GUANO.

P. A. & S. SMALL,

OF YORK,

HAVE constantly on hand GUANO, of the best quality, which will be sold at the lowest prices.

Extract from the American Agriculturist:

Guano is valuable for every kind of soil except that which is already rich, and to every kind of field or garden crop, Grass, Vegetables, Fruit and Flowers. The reason it is so serviceable to all, arises from the fact of it containing every kind of food necessary for the growth of stem, flower, fruit and seed. The eminent Chemist, Dr. Jackson, of Massachusetts, says: "It comes nearer to a *Universal Compost* than any other excremental manure."

☞ Purchasers will be furnished with directions for use.

York, Aug. 24. 4t

NEW TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

Franklin W. Denwiddie,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Gettysburg and the surrounding country that he has taken the well-known

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

of J. H. Shelly,

in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, nearly opposite Mr. Buehler's Apothecary & Book Store, where he is prepared to execute all work in his line with neatness and promptness, and in the latest and most approved style. ☞ All work entrusted to him will be warranted to fit. His terms will be very moderate, for CASH or COUNTRY PRODUCE.

☞ The Latest Fashions will be regularly received from the cities.

Gettysburg March 23. 1y

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS & OTHERS.

DOMESTIC GOODS.

3000 YDS. DOMESTIC GOODS just finished and for sale low at the Factory of the subscribers near Hanover, York county. Their stock consists of

100 *yds. CASSINETTS,*
300 *do. Golden TWEED,*
600 *do. FLANNELS,*
500 *do. BLANKETS, double width*
400 *do. KENTUCKY JEANS,*
200 *do. LINSEYS,*
200 *lbs. STOCKING YARN,*

different colors. All of which they offer either at wholesale or retail, and at prices to suit the times.

S. DILLER & SON.

Aug. 17. tf

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL

TREES,

Of all kinds, and in any quantity,

CAN be supplied by the subscriber, at his **Plainfield Nurseries,** near PETERSBURG, (York Springs,) Adams co., Pa.

☞ His supply of APPLE TREES is very large—having from 20,000 to 25,000 saleable Trees on hand; and he feels confident that, for isze and beauty of appearance, they will surpass any others in the market.

He warrants all his Trees to be genuine.—His TERMS are AS LOW as Trees can be purchased elsewhere. A considerable reduction made to those who take large quantities, or who buy to sell again.

☞ Catalogues sent to those who wish them.

WM. WRIGHT.

July 13. 2m

DOCTORS BERLUCHY & BELL

BEG leave to inform those residents of Adams County, who may be afflicted with NERVOUS OR OTHER CHRONIC DISEASES, that they have purchased

Coad's Patent Graduated Galvanic Battery & Insulated Poles,

for Medical purposes alone. This instrument is the only one now known, that can be applied with safety to the most tender organs, as the eye and ear. They have in their possession the highest testimony of its efficacy, not only from Professors of Universities and Colleges, but from many who have obtained cures and relief from maladies considered incurable by other remedies. This instrument may be found useful in Chronic Rheumatism, Tic Doloreaux, Spasms, Paralysis, or Palsy, General Weakness and other diseases incident to Females. The fluid is conveyed through the system, not by shocks as heretofore, but by a continued and gentle stream, which is rather agreeable than otherwise.

☞ They are ready to operate on those who may apply, at the Office of Dr. BELL, and those who cannot be removed, will be waited on at their residence.

Gettysburg, Feb. 23. tf

NEW WINE & LIQUOR STORE.

M. & A. HAY,

WOULD respectfully make known to the public that they have opened a WINE AND LIQUOR STORE in the house formerly kept as Hay's Tavern, *Sign of the Indian King*, on the south side of Main street, a few doors west of the Market House, and adjoining the residence of Charles A. Barnitz, Esq. in the Borough of York, where they will constantly have on hand for sale a choice and well selected assortment of

Wines, Brandies, Gins,
RUMS, WHISKEYS,
CORDIALS AND BITTERS,

of all qualities and prices.

☞ M. & A. HAY respectfully invite those who may need articles in their line to give them a call, as they are confident that they can please them both as regards quality and price, great care having been taken in the selection of their stock.

York, Feb. 23. tf

Freights from Philadelphia.

REGULAR LINE OF CARS.

THE subscriber runs a Regular Line of Burthen Cars between *PHILADELPHIA AND YORK*, for the Transportation of all kinds of Freight to or from York and the adjoining Counties.

Prices of Freight on Merchandize generally, 30 cents per hundred.

Groceries or Hardware, when 6000 lbs. or more, 25 cents per hundred.

Coffee, if 6000 lbs. or more, 20 cents per hundred.

Salt, per sack, 50 cents per hundred.

☞ All kinds of Freight to Philadelphia solicited and carried at low rates.

Warehouse in Philadelphia, at No. 365 Market street.—A. L. GERHART, *Agent.*

Warehouse in York at Rail Road Depot, adjoining D. A. & S. Small.

HENRY KAUFFELT

York, April 20. tf

JAYNE'S HAIR TONIC.

We have heretofore numbered ourselves among those who believed that the "Hair Tonic" prepared by Dr. Jayne, was one of the many quack nostrums whose virtues are never seen beyond the fulsome puffs of their authors. We are willing, at length, to make public acknowledgment of the error of our belief. An intimate friend, some two or three months since, all the top of whose cranium was as bald as a piece of polished marble, maugre all our jesting and ridicule of the idea of attempting to *cultivate so barren* a spot, purchased a bottle of Hair Tonic from Dr. Jayne, and, according to his directions, applied it. During the present week the same friend ushered himself into our presence, and uncovering his hitherto naked head, astonished us with a thin, though luxuriant growth of hair, from one to two inches in length—upon the very premises we had believed as unyielding to cultivation as the trackless sands that skirt the Atlantic. This is no puff, but it is religiously true, and to those who doubt, the gentleman can be pointed out. What is more in favor of this "Tonic," the case here cited was not one of temporary baldness—no sudden loss of the hair—but was one of years standing though the gentleman is but forty-five years of age.—*Philadelphia Spirit of the Times.*

☞ The above Medicine is for sale at the Drug Store of S. H. Buehler, Gettysburg, Pa.

Aug 31.

CHEAPEST IN THE WORLD!

Steam Refined Sugar Candies,

12½ *Cents per pound, Wholesale.*

J. J. RICHARDSON, No. 42 Market street, PHILADELPHIA, takes pleasure in informing the public, that he still continues to sell his very Superior Steam Refined Candy at the low price of $12 50 per 100 pounds, and the quality is equal to any manufactured in the United States.

He also offers all kinds of goods in the *Confectionery* and *Fruit* line at corresponding low prices, as quick sales and small profits are the order of the day.

Call or send your orders, and you cannot fail to be satisfied. Don't forget the number, 42 MARKET-STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

J. J. RICHARDSON.

Aug. 31. 3m

Great Bargains, in Hats & Caps,

AT THE OLD ESTABLISHED

CHEAP HAT AND CAP STORE,

No. 196 Market St., 2d door below Sixth,

PHILADELPHIA.

WE extend a general invitation to the citizens of Gettysburg and its vicinity, as well as to all others, to our Store. We have on hand a large and complete assortment of HATS and CAPS of every style and variety, which we are selling full one-fourth lower than the usual prices, namely:

Extra Sup. Beaver Hats,	from	$2 50 to	$3 50
" Brush	" "	2 00 to	3 00
" Silk	" "	1 25 to	2 00
" Moleskin	" "	2 50 only,	
		usual price	$4.

Good Hats as low as $1 25 and upwards. Also, a complete stock of Caps, cloth, fur trimmed; glazed, silk oil cloth, velvet and fancy Caps, fine Otter, Shetland Fur Seal, Musk Rat, Hair Seal Caps, &c. &c. at lower prices than they can possibly be had elsewhere. From our extensive sales, we can sell for a smaller profit than others can. Call and be satisfied, it is to your interest.

Merchants, Storekeepers, Hatters and others, who buy to sell again, supplied on reasonable terms. Be sure and call at No. 196, Market street, second door below Sixth street.

GARDEN & BROWN.

Philadelphia, Aug. 31. 2m

PLUMBE

National Daguerrian Gallery,

And Photographers Furnishing Depots;

AWARDED the Medal, Four first premiums, and Two Highest Honors by the Institutes of Massachusetts, New York, and Pennsylvania, for the most beautiful colored Daguerreotypes and best Apparatus ever exhibited.

☞ Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

☞ Instructions given in the art.

☞ A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut st.; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover sts.; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st. Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va., Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 170 Main st.; Saratoga Springs Broadway.

June 8. 1y

Encourage Home Industry.

FARMERS & MECHANICS

WOOLEN FACTORY,

Near Hanover, York county, Pa.

THIS establishment has lately undergone much repair, and is now in complete operation—and will in future be conducted by the undersigned in all its various branches. They continue to manufacture goods of the best quality, such as

Satinet, Cloth, Linseys, Blanketing, Flannels, Kentucky Jeans, Tweed Bucktam Cords, Carpets, Stocking Yarn, and Wool carded into Rolls,

AT THE FOLLOWING RATES:

Satinet, Chain found	33⅓	per yard.
Cloth, narrow,	45 to 50	"
Kentucky Jeans,	25 "	"
Blanketing, narrow,	35 "	"
Linseys,	31¼ "	"
Woolen Flannels, colored,	35 "	"
Do. white,	31¼ "	"

☞ Wool carded into Rolls as low as can be done at any other factory.

☞ Wool will be taken in at the following places, viz.:—At George Basehoar's Mill, in Union township; at Samuel Diller's, near Littlestown, and at the different Stores in Littlestown; at Mr. Jacob Feeser's Saw-mill, Mountjoy township; at Messrs. Wirt & Emmert's Store, and at the different Stores in Hanover; and at Mr. James K. Menough's Store, on the York road, where the same will be received and punctually delivered whenever finished. Written directions must be sent with the Wool.

The undersigned have entered into the above business, this season, with a renewed spirit, and will avoid no reasonable pains or expense, in executing such work as shall rate, in point of beauty and utility, with the best productions of any other manufactory; and having none other than the best of workmen in their employ, they flatter themselves that the products of their mechanical efforts cannot fail to meet the approbation of all, and give unparalleled satisfaction. Should any mistake occur, they will endeavor, if possible, to rectify it.—

☞ Wool will be taken in payment at the highest prices.

SAMUEL DILLER & SON.

April 27. tf

☞ All letters directed to Littlestown or Hanover, will receive immediate attention.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber hereby gives notice to the public, that he has left in the possession of PETER REIGLE, of Huntington township, Adams county, the following property, belonging to the subscriber; and he notifies the public not to purchase, or take by distress or otherwise, any of the same, to wit:—One sorrel Horse, one Colt, one Grey Mare, 4 head of Horned Cattle, 10 head of Hogs, one Wagon, one Plough, one Harrow, one Shovel-Plough and Fork, two sets of Horse-gears, one Mantle-Clock, one Cook-Stove, two Beds with Bedding, one Carpet, all the Wheat in the Barn, all the Oats in the Straw, and the Corn in growth.

JAMES WILT.

Latimore township, Aug. 18, 1846. 3t

LAW NOTICE.

J. REED, of Carlisle,

PRESENTS his respects to his friends and informs them that he has made arrangements to continue to practice as usual in the Courts of Adams county, under the new regulation of the times for holding them.

Feb 2 tf

COACH MAKING.

THE subscriber, thankful for past favors, respectfully informs the public that he continues the *COACH-MAKING BUSINESS*, in all its various branches, at his Old Stand in York street, (formerly Buckingham's) where he has on hand, and will manufacture to order,

CARRIAGES,

Buggies, Jersey Wagons, &c.

all of the best materials, and by the best of workmen. ☞ Call and judge for yourselves.

LEONARD STOUGH.

Gettysburg, April 20. tf

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY

And Machine Shop.

THE subscriber having leased the Foundry in Gettysburg, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has now on hands, and will continue to manufacture, a large assortment of

STOVES,

of all patterns, such as the Hathaway, Parlor, Premium, and nine-plate Cooking Stoves, also Chamber Stoves, of all sorts and sizes.

He has, also, on hand,

Castings for Machinery,

of all kinds—for Threshing Machines, Grist Mills, Saw Mills, &c. also, PLOUGH CASTINGS of all the patterns now in use; he has on hand, already made, a number of the celebrated

SEYLER PLOUGHS,

which he will sell low. He has also on hand, and will continue to make, HOLLOW-WARE, Wagon and Carriage-boxes, and all other articles in his line of business, which are too numerous to mention. He has, also,

Threshing Machines,

ready made, and continues to manufacture LITTLE's Patent two-horse Machines, and the Hanover and York patterns.

Any one who may want BRASS CASTINGS will be attended to.

All the above articles will be sold low, for Cash or Country Produce. Old metal will also be taken in exchange for work.

☞ Repairing, and all work in his line, done at the shortest notice. ☜

The subscriber is very thankful for past favors, and hopes his friends will remember the Old Establishment in the Western part of the town, near C. W. Hoffman's Coach shop.

T. WARREN.

Gettysburg, Dec. 15. tf

Blacksmithing,

IN all its branches, will be attended to by good workmen, at the Foundry of the subscriber.

THOMAS WARREN.

Gettysburg, Dec. 22.

LAW NOTICE.

THE subscriber having removed from Gettysburg, persons having business with him may find him during all the Courts, and on every Tuesday throughout the year, at the Hotel of James M'Cosh, in Gettysburg, and at all other times at his residence in *Littlestown.*

☞ The undersigned is Commissioner for the Acknowledgment of Deeds and all other instruments of writing, under seal, to be used in the State of Maryland.

WM. M'SHERRY.

March 30. 4m

WM. B. M'CLELLAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE South East Corner of the Franklin House, formerly occupied as Sheriff's Office, by Geo. W. M'Clellan, Esq.

Dec. 23. tf

To Printers.

Type Foundry and Printers' Furnishing Warehouse.

THE subscribers have opened a new Type Foundry in the city of New York, where they are ready to supply orders to any extent, for any kind of Job or Fancy Type, Ink, Paper, Cases, Galleys, Brass Rule, Steel Column Rule, Composing Sticks, Chases, and every article necessary for a Printing Office. Also, second hand materials.

The Type which are cut in imitation of the *English* letters, are cast in new Moulds, from an entirely new set of Matrixes, with deep counters, are warranted to be unsurpassed by any, and will be sold at prices to suit the times.—All the type furnished by us is "hand cast."—The Types from any foundry can be matched at this establishment.

Printing Presses furnished, also Steam Engines of the most approved patterns.

☞ Composition Rollers cast for Printers.

COCKCROFF & OVEREND, 68 *Ann st.*

Dec. 22. 1y

JAYNE'S CARMINATIVE BALSAM.

It is well known that regular physicians are shy of endorsing the virtues of any of that class of remedies commonly called "Patent Medicines," but so conspicuous have been the curative powers of this preparation, in its wonderful effects, that some of the first physicians in Pennsylvania, Maryland, and other States, have voluntarily come forward, and furnished Dr. Jayne with certificates of its sanative influence. It is now extensively prescribed in medical practice, as a remedy for cholera infantum, dysentery, cholic, dyspepsia, and all diseases proceeding from a disordered action of the stomach, liver, intestines, or nerves, whether in children, or persons of adult age. It acts directly upon the secretions, and purifies the blood, by purifying the elements of which it is composed.

HAMILTON, New York, Oct. 8, 1841.

Mr. J. J. Foote—Dear Sir:—I cheerfully add my testimonial to the numerous recommendations of Dr. Jayne's Medicines, which have already been given. I have found his Carminative successful in my family in cases where all other means had failed. I have also used with decided benefit his Expectorant. I would not be without either of these medicines in my family for any consideration.

I have the gratification of a personal acquaintance with Dr. Jayne. He is an exemplary member of society, and sustains a high reputation in Philadelphia as a regular and skilful physician.

J. S. MAGINNIS,
Professor in the Hamilton Literary and Theological Seminary.

☞ The above Medicine is for sale at the Drug Store of S. H. Buehler Gettysburg

Sept 7

PROTECTION AGAINST

LOSS BY FIRE.

THE *Cumberland Valley Mutual Protection Company*, being incorporated by an Act of the Legislature, and fully organized and in operation under the direction of the following Board of Managers, viz: Thos. C. Miller, John Moore, David W McCullough, James Weakly, Wm. Moore, Samuel Galbraith, Thomas Paxton, A. G. Miller, Philip Spangler, Samuel Woods, Abraham Kurtz, George Brindle, & Scott Coyle, call the attention of the inhabitants of Cumberland and Adams Counties to the cheapness of the rates, and the many advantages which this kind of insurance has over any other.

1st. Every person insured becomes a member of the company and takes part in the choice of officers and the direction of its concerns.

2d. For insurance no more is demanded than is necessary to meet the expenses of the Company, and indemnity against losses which may happen.

3d. The inconvenience of frequent renewals is avoided by insuring for a term of five years.

4th. Any person applying for insurance must give his premium note for the cheapest class at the rate of five per centum, which will be $50 on the 1000, for which he will have to pay $2-50 for five years, and $1,50 for survey and policy, and no more unless loss be sustained to a greater amount than the funds on hands will cover, and then no more will be required than a pro rata share. These rates are much cheaper than those of other companies, except such as are incorporated on the same principles.

THOS. C MILLER, *Pres't.*

A. G. MILLER, *Sec'y.*

Feb. 5. 6m

☞ The following named gentlemen have been appointed AGENTS for Adams county:—

Wm. W. Paxton, Esq.,	*General Agent for Adams County.*
James A. Thompson,	*Gettysburg.*
David Ziegler,	*do.*
Dr. Wm. R. Stewart,	*Petersburg.*
Henry Myers, Esq.	*New Chester.*
Henry Mayer, Esq.	*Abbottstown.*
Daniel Comfort,	*Straban township.*
Abraham King, Esq.	*Hunterstown.*
David Blythe, Esq.	*Millerstown.*
Thos. T. Wierman,	*Arendtsville.*
Wm. Morrison, Esq.	*Bendersville.*
Abel T. Wright,	*do.*
Dr. D. Mellinger,	*East Berlin.*

FOREIGN PERIODICALS.

REPUBLICATION OF THE

London Quarterly Review, Edinburgh Review, Foreign Quarterly Review, Westminster Review, and Blackwood's Edinburg Magazine.

THE above Periodicals are reprinted in New York, immediately on their arrival by the British steamers, in a beautiful clear type, on fine white paper, and are faithful copies of the originals—Blackwood's Magazine being an exact fac simile of the Edinburgh edition.

The wide-spread fame of these splendid Periodicals renders it needless to say much in their praise. As literary organs, they stand far in advance of any works of a similar stamp now published, while the political complexion of each is marked by a dignity, candor and forbearance not often found in works of a party character.

They embrace the views of the three great parties in England—Whig, Tory, and Radical,—"Blackwood" and the "London Quarterly" are Tory; the "Edinburgh Review," Whig; and the "Westminster," Radical. The "Foreign Quarterly" is purely literary, being devoted principally to criticisms on foreign Continental Works.

The prices of the re-prints are less than one-third of those of the foreign copies, and while they are equally well got up, they afford all that advantage to the *American* over the *English* reader.

TERMS:

PAYMENT TO BE MADE IN ADVANCE.

For any one of the 4 Reviews,	$3 00	per year.
For any two do.	5 00	"
For any three do.	7 00	"
For all four of the Reviews,	8 00	"
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 00	"
For Blackwood & the 4 Reviews,	10 00	"

CLUBBING.

Four copies of any or all of the above works will be sent to one address on payment of the regular subscription for three—the fourth copy being gratis.

☞ Remittances and communications must be made in all cases without expense to the publishers. The former may always be done through a Post-master by handing him the amount to be remitted, taking his receipt and forwarding the receipt by mail, post paid; or the money may be enclosed in a letter, post-paid, directed to the publishers.

N. B.—The Postage on all these Periodicals is reduced by the late Post Office law, to about *one-third the former rates*, making a very important saving in the expense to mail subscribers.

*** *In all the principal Cities and Towns throughout the United States to which there is a direct Railroad or Water communication from the city of New York, these periodicals will be delivered* FREE OF POSTAGE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO. *Publishers,*
112 *Fulton St. New York.*

June 8.

Mathew T. Miller,

(*Successor to Robert T. Bicknell,*)

EXCHANGE BROKER,

No. 8, South Third Street, Philadelphia.

BANK NOTES.—Notes on all the solvent Banks in the U. States discounted at the lowest rates.

DRAFTS, NOTES and BILLS collected on the most favorable terms.

EXCHANGE.—Bills of exchange and Bank Checks on most of the principal cities of the Union, bought and sold at the best rates.

Exchange on *England* in large or small sums constantly for sale.

Bicknell's Reporter, Counterfeit Detector, and Price Current, is issued from this office every Tuesday. It is devoted chiefly to the condition of the Currency, the Markets, Banking institutions, Counterfeit Notes, &c. Terms $3 per annum payable in advance.

Bicknell's Counterfeit Detector and Bank Note List is published semi-monthly at $1,50 per annum; monthly $1 per annum, payable in advance. This work is printed in pamphlet form of 32 pages. Single copies 12½ cents.

Office open from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Exchange hours, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

THOMAS M'CREARY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE in the South east Corner of the Diamond, between the Hotel of A. H. Kurtz and R. W. M'Sherry's Store.

Gettysburg, Dec. 15 tf

IMPORTANT FROM SANTA FE.

A letter from Mr. N. Colburn, our correspondent at Santa Fe, announces his arrival at Independence, in this State, on Thursday last, in twenty-four and a half days from Santa Fe. This journey eclipses in speed any other ever performed between the two points, and shows that very soon it will be stripped of even the character of novelty. From the letter of Mr. Colburn, we gather many facts of interest to our readers, which are here arranged.

Mr. Colburn left Santa Fe on the 2d of August. There were then only 450 Mexican soldiers stationed in Santa Fe, but the authorities stated that they had 7000 men ready to march at a moment's warning to meet Gen. Kearney, and 2000 were expected from the lower country. How far this expectation may be realized, may be judged of from the fact, that Mr. Kennedy, who has just arrived from Sonora, reported that they had there only 300 soldiers, 200 at Chihuahua, and 40 at El Passo.

When Mr. C. left Santa Fe, nothing had been heard of Gen. Kearney's movements for fifteen days previous.—It was not then known that Gen. Wool was moving against Chihuahua. About 2000 miles on his route home, he met with eight Mexican dragoons who had been watching the movements of the forces under Gen. Kearney. They said they had not seen the troops, although they had been in sight of Bent's fort and to the Simarone.

Mr. Colburn reached the crossing of the Arkansas in ten days, being the quickest trip ever made to that point in wagons. He found grass and water scarce. He there met Capt. Worcester, of the U. S. Artillery, T. Caldwell and Charles Bent, only ten days from Independence, and sent by them to General Kearney all the news of which he was in possession. From this party, he heard of the murder, on the evening before, of W. Z. Swan, of Northampton, Mass.—He was returning, it is stated, from Fort Bent, in company with Major G. Clark, and was shot from his horse, when within seventy-five yards of their camp, by Indians.

On the 18th, he met Mr. Turly's company of three wagons, for Taos, and also forty-three government wagons and 54 men. They were lying by for repairs. They had lost fifteen yoke of oxen: many of the men were sick, and they had only two rounds of ammunition. No guard could be placed at night, and they had nothing with which to protect themselves when hunting their oxen.

The Indians were attacking some of the companies almost every night. This detachment of wagons was then sixteen days behind the Army, which Mr. C. learned, was subsisting on half a ration of bread and meat, with neither sugar nor coffee! He expressed the opinion, that one hundred Mexican soldiers could capture all the supplies of Government stores from the Cotton Wood to Bent's Fort, if they only knew their exposed situation. It was also stated that the Dragoons had only fifteen rounds of ammunition with them. Mr. C. says that the Indians were in Santa Fe, offering their services to Gen. Armijo, on condition that he should let them have the spoils which they might take from the Americans, but that he had refused to accept the proposition. If he had acceded to it, the army might possibly have been defeated, or their supplies cut off, which would have caused great distress. Maj. Clark and himself gave the men all the powder which they could spare and left them.

On the 15th, he met twenty-two Government wagons in charge of Mr. Campbell and Mr. Coons, of St. Louis. He learned from them that their camp had been attacked on the night previous, and that they had killed one Indian and wounded another. That night his camp was attacked at Coon creek, and an attempt made to run off his stock.

From the 16th to the 27th he met parties every day, all of whom had suffered more or less by the Indians, who seemed bent on stealing their stock, and succeeded in carrying off some.—*St. Louis Rep.*

FROM CALIFORNIA.

The Sangamo (Ill.) Journal says: "Mr. R. Semple writes from California that the valley of the Sacrimento is three hundred miles long by one hundred and fifty wide; that it is crossed by navigable streams which are skirted with wood: that the bottom lands were from one half to six miles wide, and very fertile; that the plains, composing three-fourths of the valley, for want of water, cannot be cultivated; that the population will forever be confined to the rivers; that even the best section of the country is inferior to the Western States; that the timber is only on the mountains; that in the winter the traveller has no chance of going forward but to fly or swim; that the musquitoes, flies, and insects of every description appear in myriads; that but few can now obtain grants of land; that there is neither law nor gospel in the country, and that an Indian caught *young* makes a good laborer. Mr. Semple concludes by recommending to persons who wish to emigrate to that country, to take with them plow-irons, axes, spades, a few carpenter's tools, augers, chisels, files, plenty of clothing, including shoes, and also garden seeds."

Gold bullion to the amount of half a million of dollars is imported monthly into London from the Russian mines, by the steamer Rob Roy. The regular London steamers are said to bring equal or greater quantities on each trip from St. Petersburg.

EFFECTS OF THE TARIFF IN ENGLAND.

Some sage writers for the newspapers, cannot comprehend how the new Tariff can have produced effects injurious to the manufacturers of the United States, when it has not yet gone into operation. They will, probably, be more astonished on reading the news brought by the steamer Britannia, that it has already had an influence on the manufacturing business of England, but of a different character from that produced with us. The English papers state, that "several markets have experienced the effects of the liberal Tariff which goes into operation in the United States on the first of December. Iron has already advanced in price, and the woollen manufactures of Yorkshire are firm and improving." It is thus seen, that, whilst the Tariff puts down American labor and compels the discharge of American operatives, it is increasing the business of England, and cheering the workmen of that country, by giving them steady work and higher prices. If a Tariff which produces such results be not British in its principles and tendencies, then the English Parliament could not form one of that character. It is not American because it does not foster American interests. Why, then, not let its title conform truly to the purpose and effect of the bill? As it depresses American and encourages English labor, it is a British Tariff, and should be so called—however, partisan writers, or purchased neutrals, may undertake to defend it by misrepresentation.

As the effect of the Tariff is to transfer our workshops to Europe, it is to be expected that our workmen will follow, sooner than remain in idleness at home; and accordingly we find it stated, that American workmen are actually emigrating to England to procure employment. Here are facts which cannot be denied, and which will go farther to give the true character of the new Tariff bill, than all the false statements which can be made in "comparative statements of the Tariffs of 1842 and 1846," together with the commentaries of venal and pretended neutral writers, who would endorse adverse statements, if equally well compensated for the service.

It should convince every American, that the Tariff of 1846 is not American in principle, when he finds the English manufacturers rejoicing at its passage, and English trade improving—whilst the wages of our own people are being reduced; and many of our manufacturing establishments are preparing to close their business, or have already done so. Consequences so beneficial to others, and so injurious to ourselves, cannot fail to excite public attention and investigation; and, as a necessary result, a general demand that Congress shall so change the Tariff as to protect domestic instead of foreign industry.

False "comparative statements" may be circulated by thousands in extras paid for by the public money; but he who *feels* the effects of the Tariff—who has his wages reduced—his business injured—or is cast out of employment, by the operation of the new Tariff, and who sees that the bread which has been taken from his mouth has gone to supply the foreign workman—we say, that he who *feels* these things—will refuse to credit any "comparative statements" contrary to actual results and his own experience.—*Clipper.*

"PARTY DRILL."

Perhaps the most startling development made in ex-Senator Haywood's Address is the *omnipotence*, so to speak, of party drill at Washington! He says: "*I* KNEW WELL *that the Senate were about passing the bill*, (the Tariff of '46,) CONTRARY *to the judgment of a* MAJORITY, *under the duress of a* PARTY DRILL!"—And another Senator, if we mistake not, said, in open debate, that "TWO-THIRDS of the Senate were *opposed* to the bill." And yet it PASSED that body by a *majority* of one!

Is not this an alarming confession?—coming, too, from the highest legislative functionary of our Government; composed of men who *should be* "above suspicion and above reproach"—that, under "a *duress of party drill*," THEY could so far forget their duty to their country and their God as to suffer themselves to be *coerced* into the support of a measure "contrary" to their enlightened judgments? Truly, truly, we have fallen upon evil times. Has it come to this, that a highminded honorable man, one who has been elevated to the proud and lofty distinction of *Senator*, in this great nation, can rise in his place, in the Senate Chamber, and denounce a measure as unwise, impolitic, and destructive, and yet "under duress of a *party drill*," he can be made to sacrifice all his higher, and, we may say not unjustly, his *holier* obligations, and *vote in favor* of that identical measure? The reflection is, indeed, humiliating, and goes far to controvert that boasted "freedom of action" in our Government, over which we hear so many praises sung.—[*Raleigh Register.*

Mexico.—The last letters from sources of the highest respectability in the city of Mexico, and other towns, represent the disposition of the people as altogether in favor of peace. The English merchants and English government desire peace, and as the American people also desire it, it will be seen that the influences are very strong in that direction.—*N. Y. Jour. Com.*

Cherokee Indians.—The Advocate advertises for eight competent moral teachers, to take charge of the public schools in the nation.

ADAMS SENTINEL.

GETTYSBURG:

Monday, September 14, 1846.

WHIG TICKET.

CANAL COMMISSIONER,
James M. Power.

ASSEMBLY,
James Cooper.

COMMISSIONER,
Andrew Heintzleman.

AUDITOR,
John C. Ellis.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
John Houck.

Candidate for Congress.

By an advertisement in our paper, it will be seen that the Hon. Henry Nes has announced himself as a Volunteer candidate for Congress in this District. His votes when in Congress were decidedly in favor of Pennsylvania interests, and protection to American Industry; and it appears from his announcement, that his opinions remain unchanged in that particular.

No Congressman Yet!

The Locofoco Conferees of Adams and York met again on Friday last, with a view of harmonizing their difficulties; but we learn that they again separated without a choice—the Adams county Conferees insisting upon Danner, and the York on Rankin. We are not advised of the manner in which they expect to settle their difficulties—and indeed we suppose it matters but little—for, if they will not allow us to beat them singly, we will have to beat both of them at once!

☞The "*Standard*," at East Berlin, in this county, has been discontinued, owing, as the Editor says, to "physical inability."

Choice Fruit.

Two peaches, taken from a tree at the residence of Mrs. M'Clellan, in this borough, were exhibited to us last week, one of which measured 11 inches in circumference, and weighed 11 ounces! Who can beat this?

☞The Hon. James Cooper, of this place, is to deliver the annual address before the Alumni of Washington College, in Washington, Pa. on the 23d inst. The annual commencement is to take place on the 24th inst.

Map of Pennsylvania.

An advertisement appears in our paper to-day for an AGENT to procure subscribers in this County for a new Map of the State. We call the attention of persons disposed to engage in such a business, to the notice of Mr. Harrison.

☞The Rev. James H. Mason Knox (son of the Rev. Dr. John Knox,) was installed as Pastor of the Presbyterian Church of German Valley, N. Jersey, on the 2d inst. The Rev. Dr. Knox preached the sermon; Dr. Junkin gave the charge to the pastor; and Rev. Isaac S. Davidson the charge to the people. Mr. K. was formerly a licentiate of the Reformed Dutch Church.

Minister to England.

☞Hon. George Bancroft, of Mass. Secretary of the Navy, resigned his situation last week, and has been appointed by the President, Minister Plenipotentiary to England, in the place of Louis M'Lane, recalled at his own request.

☞Hon. John Y. Mason, of Virginia, has been appointed Secretary of the Navy, in the room of Hon. Geo. Bancroft, resigned.

Lewistown Bank.

We learn that this institution has suspended payment for the present. Noteholders are advised not to sacrifice their money, as it is said the Bank will be able to redeem its issues ultimately.

Mr. Kirkham.

An article has been very generally published in the papers, that Mr. Kirkham, the distinguished grammarian, had lately died in a distillery in Kentucky, of mania a potu. It appears now, from a publication by his brother-in-law, (Mr. Winchester) that Mr. Kirkham died in the City of New York, in May, 1843, of pulmonary consumption; and that the late article in regard to him is a wicked fabrication.

Great Flood and Loss of Life.

There was a most destructive flood in Crooked Creek, near Madison, Indiana, on Thursday week. The papers are filled with the most melancholy details. The loss of property is very great, many houses having been swept away, and the accounts say that no less than FOURTEEN persons lost their lives in attempting to save property and the lives of other citizens of Madison. Eleven bodies had been found at the last accounts. The damage to the Indianapolis Railroad is very great, and it is believed that it will take nine months to repair it.

☞The Whigs of Chester county have nominated Mr. M'Ilvaine for re-election to Congress; and Col. Thomas K. Bull, George Ladly, and Henry S. Evans, (Editor of the Record) for the Legislature.

☞The recent hot weather was felt in a greater degree at Boston, than further south. On Saturday week the mercury was at 93°—on yesterday week, 97°.

☞A severe storm visited the village of Ballston, N. Y. last week, accompanied by hail and lightning more than known for many years, and more rain fell than at any other time since 1818. The electricity played many fantastic tricks with the magnetic telegraph wire which passes through the village, striking it in a number of places, and destroying some of the poles, throwing the fragments fifty feet from their foundation.

Gen. Taylor.

It will be remembered by our readers that, very shortly after the receipt of the intelligence of the success of our army under Gen. Taylor at Palo Alto, and Resaca de la Palma, some meetings were held, at which Gen. Taylor was nominated for the Presidency: the individuals directing those meetings impelled, no doubt, partly by feelings of gratitude to a gallant soldier, and partly from the imagined availability of a successful "military chieftain," which might inure to their individual benefit. Communications were accordingly made by the officers of those meetings to the General, and a correspondence on the subject has been given to the public. Old "Rough and Ready," as he is termed, has too much good sense, it appears, to be made the tool of adventurers; and his replies confirm us in the opinion we have hitherto entertained, that he is a plain, unassuming, frank and honest soldier. In answer to the New York resolutions, he says, he is grateful for the expression of thanks to him and the army, for their services—but, he adds, "for the high office in question I have no aspirations; the Government has assigned to me an arduous and responsible duty in the prosecution of the existing war: in conducting it with honor to the country lie all my real aspirations."

In reply to the Philadelphia letter, he expresses his thanks for the good will of his fellow countrymen—and says—"My real feelings impel me to say, however, that I do not desire a nomination for the Presidency. Your letter finds me no aspirant for that office, and the agitation of such a question, in my present responsible position, is yet more a cause of serious regret, as tending to embarrass me in the successful prosecution of the existing war."

Canal Commissioner.

It is now pretty well ascertained that the locofoco candidate for Canal Commissioner, Mr. Foster, is a *Free Trade* man to all intents and purposes—that he is completely subservient to the "powers that be." This is an important fact—and one that should not be lost sight of at the coming election. It is not a time to support men whose principles are at direct issue with the best interests of Pennsylvania; the consequences are too momentous to trifle with, or pass by with indifference. Every vote, remarks a cotemporary, that is cast, will be counted for or against the interests of Pennsylvania and the Free Labor of the North; and it is our duty then not only to rally as one man, but to invite the co-operation of all who are disgusted with the ultra-subserviency of modern "Democracy" to the dictation of Southern aristocracy. Pennsylvania must be true to herself in the present crisis—for if she now falters, the chain may be fastened on her forever! Duty, principle, interest, then, require the Whigs to be up and doing. This is not a time for coldness or apathy. The wrongs inflicted by the Administration, chosen by fraud and deception, can only be righted by the Ballot-box; and will the Workingmen of the North now fail to vindicate their wrongs!

Hear the Democracy of Dauphin.

☞*This is the way for Pennsylvanians to talk out.*

The Dauphin county Democratic Convention met at Harrisburg on Monday last, and, after settling their ticket for Congress and members of the Legislature, passed strong resolutions in favor of the Tariff of '42, and declare that its repeal, after it had, in the last Presidential election, received the sanction of every portion of the Democracy—after the party had fought and triumphed under its banners—is *a fraud upon the party*, and meets their decided disapproval.—They also Resolved, That the Tariff of 1846 does not protect our labor—that it encourages the pauper labor of Europe—that it is an experiment emanating from the nullification of South Carolina, which is calculated to bring our mechanics and workmen to the level of the southern slaves, and to bring a system of direct taxes upon the Government of the Union; and that the country cannot return to its prosperity, until the British Tariff of 1846 is repealed. They also approve of the conduct of our Senators and Representatives in Congress who opposed this obnoxious bill—and declare that Vice President Dallas has forfeited the confidence of the Democracy of Pennsylvania by giving his casting vote in favor of the M'Kay bill, and that he continues to *insult his own State* by travelling abroad to receive honors from the South in payment for that vote. They also resolved in favor of the ONE TERM principle for Governor, and recommended Judge Eldred as the next candidate. This is indeed giving the "cold shoulder" to his Excellency Gov. Shunk.

☞Why don't our Democratic brethren in this region speak out their sentiments like their friends in Dauphin and elsewhere. They have hitherto pretended to be Tariff of '42 men—why not come out like men, and denounce the British Tariff bill and its advocates? If they do not, we shall be under the disagreeable necessity of believing them to have wheeled round in its favor, at the command of the Southern Free-Traders.

More Public Opinion.

The Democratic County Convention in Lycoming county, in this State, after nominating their candidates for members of the Legislature, adopted the following resolutions, which we recommend to the consideration of our Free Trade Democratic brethren of this county.

Resolved, That the Tariff law of 1846, (commonly called M'Kay's bill) does not embrace in its provisions the elementary principles of just and fair protection, as sanctioned by the Democracy of Pennsylvania at the polls, but on the contrary, its whole policy is Utopian.

Resolved, That by the sanction of this bill the government does not "extend as far as practicable by its revenue laws and all other means, within its power, fair and just protection to all the great interests of the whole country," but discriminates unjustly in favor of the cotton and tobacco interests of the South, at the expense of Pennsylvania. It is therefore the duty, as we trust it will be the pleasure, of the National Administration, to correct this inequality in the Revenue Laws shortly to go into operation.

Resolved, That the Representatives in Congress from this State, with the exception of the Hon. David Wilmot, well and truly discharged the trust reposed in them as such, upon this momentous question.

More Fraud.

Several of the leading locofocos of Pennsylvania, alarmed at the demonstrations of the people in various quarters, on account of the destruction of Pennsylvania interests by the Tariff of '46, are now endeavoring to persuade the people to wait patiently until the next meeting of Congress, and that then the Tariff will be modified so far as it relates to coal and iron, to suit Pennsylvania. This is another bare-faced fraud—part of that electioneering trickery which elected Mr. Polk; and some of the more decent and manly of the democratic prints have already had the frankness to denounce it as such. Amongst other papers, the New York Globe of the 2d inst. which stands high in the confidence of the Administration, ssys—

"We have made up our mind to state plainly to those who wish to hold out inducements to a portion of the People of Pennsylvania, that the next Congress will increase the duty on Coal and Iron, that *no such thing will occur*. We say to Pennsylvania, that the next change in the duty of Iron will be made in the *descending*, instead of the ascending, scale."

Bear this in mind, Pennsylvanians—and be no longer deceived by interested office-seeking demagogues. Strike for your State, and her interests, at the coming election.

☞Previous to the Presidential election, Judge Myers, of Clarion county, Pa. a good locofoco, with a view of showing his belief that Mr. Polk was a Protectionist, gave the name of "*Polk Furnace*," to a large new Furnace he had just erected. Since the passage of the British Tariff bill of '46, the Judge has found out that he was most grossly deceived in Mr. Polk, and he has changed the name of his furnace to Martha.

American Board of Foreign Missions.

The thirty-seventh anniversary of this noble institution was celebrated at New Haven last week. Nearly 1000 clergymen, besides several hundred other philanthropists from different States, were in attendance. The Report mentions that there are under the direction of the Board, in foreign lands, 31 boarding schools, and seminaries for educating native preachers and teachers, in which are nearly 2000 pupils under the constant influence of Christian families and teachers, besides 29,171 pupils in 602 free day-schools. More than 1500 members have been added to the Mission churches during the year, making the number now embraced in those churches, 24,824. There are 32 printing presses connected with the missions, and during the year not less than forty million pages have been printed in thirty-eight different languages. The receipts of the Board, in the past year, were $262,073.

Smithsonian Institution.

The Regents of this Institution assembled in Washington city on Monday last. There were present the Vice President of the U. States, Mr. Dallas; Chief Justice Taney; Mr. Seaton, Mayor of Washington; the Hon. George Evans, of Maine; the Hon. I. S. Pennybacker, of Virginia; the Hon. W. J. Hough, of New York; the Hon. R. D. Owen, of Indiana; the Hon. H. W. Hilliard, of Alabama; the Hon. Rufus Choate, of Massachusetts; the Hon. Richad Rush, of Pennsylvania; Dr. Gideon Hawley, of New York; Professor Bache, of Washington; and Col. J. G. Totten, of the Corps of Engineers.—The Hon. Wm. C. Preston, of S. C and the Hon. Sidney Breese, of Illinois, were absent.

On Tuesday the Board of Regents was organized by the election of Hon. George M. Dallas, Vice President, as *Chancellor* of the Institution, and the appointment of the Hon. Mr. Hough, as temporary Secretary. The Mayor of Washington, and Hon. R. D. Owen and Col. Totten were appointed the Executive Committee.

On Wednesday, committees were appointed to report a plan for the building, and a system for carrying out the object expressed by the words of Mr. Smithson's will, "the increase and diffusion of knowledge among men." The Board of Regents decided to place the Institution on the Public Ground, south of the Canal, between Seventh and Fourteenth streets; and then adjourned until the last Monday in November next.

☞An interesting little daughter of Mr. Stephen M'Calla, of Harrisburg, aged between 3 and 4 years, came to her death a few days ago, by eating the berries of a very poisonous plant, called Nightshade.

☞A most horrible affray occurred on Saturday evening week, near Camden, N. J., between Capt. Swain, of a lime boat, and a negro man living in the neighborhood. Some angry words had passed between them, when the negro drew a Bowie knife, and mangled his antagonist in the most shocking manner. The Captain received some thirty incisions on different parts of his body, of the most horrible character. There was no hope of his surviving his terrible wounds. Two men were present, but stood paralized with fear, unable to afford the defenceless victim the slightest aid, and permitted the negro to escape. The neighborhood, however, soon became aroused, and a vigilant search was set on foot to ferret out the offender. Capt. Swain resided at Norristown, where he has a wife and child.

☞During the hot weather of week before last, four men and two women died suddenly at Baltimore, from the excessive heat.

☞A committee of gentlemen of Baltimore have presented an elegant sword to Lieutenant (now Captain) Ringgold, for his brilliant services on the Rio Grande.

☞The Rev. Dr. Woods has resigned his Professorship in the Theological Institution at Andover—a situation he has filled for near 40 years.

☞The amount of appropriations made by Congress during its last session, for various objects, was above *fifty-one millions of dollars*, of which above thirty-seven millions were for the Army and Navy, fortifications, &c.

Vermont Election.

The returns have not all been received as yet. Although the Whig candidate for Governor is far ahead, yet the scattering votes will, it is thought, prevent his election by the people. The Whigs, however, have such a large majority in the Legislature, as will ensure his election. It is thought all the Whig members of Congress will be chosen.

☞About twenty of the Baltimore volunteers returned on Monday last, from the Rio Grande, having been dismissed in consequence of sickness. They give a horrible picture of the miseries of soldiering, and say it is not so pleasant as some have been disposed to imagine.

Suicide of Felix G. M'Connell.

Hon. Felix G. M'Connell, member of Congress from Alabama, put a period to his existence on Thursday last, between 12 and 1 o'clock, at the St. Charles Hotel, Washington City. He went to his room about 12 o'clock, apparently much depressed, called for pen and ink, and said he intended to write to his wife. About an hour and a half afterwards he was found dead on the floor. He had cut the jugular veins on each side of the throat, and inflicted two deep wounds in the abdomen. This is another added to the list of the victims of intemperance! He is represented to have been a frank, generous fellow, and has not left an enemy behind.

Steamboat Accident.

On Thursday evening last, the steamer Excelsior, plying between New York and Coxackie, on the North River, 20 miles below Albany, burst her boiler just after leaving the wharf. She had about 40 passengers on board, and it is said but few of them escaped, except by leaping overboard into the stream, as the boat was almost instantly enveloped in flames. It is not known how many were lost, but it is feared there were more than twenty. It was only by great exertions the burning vessel was prevented from setting fire to the shipping.

Painful Intelligence.

A letter from the U. S. Squadron in the East Indies, dated Hong-Kong, China, April 12, says that the Cholera and Dysentery have been making dreadful ravages in the fleet. The Vincennes sloop of war lost nearly all her crew by dysentery; and in the Columbus they lost in one day, 12 men by cholera, and for several days they launched into the deep sometimes five corpses at a time—every hour the summons was heard—"All hands to bury the dead." The dysentery also was then very bad on board the Columbus.

☞The late papers are filled with accounts of suicides and murders in different parts of the country, some of them of the most painful character.

☞The sickness, we learn, is on the increase at Hagerstown. Our borough is very healthy.

☞There was a destructive fire at Albany on Tuesday night. Twelve buildings were consumed.

☞A man in New York, died a few days ago from taking, by the advice of a friend, too large a dose of colchicum, as a cure for the rheumatism.—Ask the Doctor, before you take powerful articles as medicine.

☞The Whigs of Cumberland county have settled Col. Armstrong Noble and James Mackey, Esq. on their ticket for the Legislature.

IMPORTANT RUMOR.

Peace with Mexico—Terms Settled with Santa Anna at Havana.

A correspondent of the New York Tribune, writing from Havana, under date of August 16, states that an agreement had taken place between Santa Anna and certain agents of the British and American governments, concerning the future destiny of Mexico. The arrangement is said to be as follows:

"The Mexican Federal Government of 1824 to be re-established under the guaranty of the United States; so that, in case of future pronunciamentos, the U. States Government shall have a right to interfere in support of the Constitutional Government. The Rio Grande to be the boundary line and the Californias to be organized as a distinct Territory, under the protection of the U. States, but not governed by Americans until the inhabitants shall think fit to annex themselves, to favor which purpose the country will be allowed to carry on a free trade with both Republics, and admit colonists from all countries, and of all religions and creeds!"

☞The Washington Union contradicts this story—remarking that they are authorized to state in the most absolute and unqualified manner, that there is not a particle of truth in it.

Singular Death.—At Exeter, Mr. C. H. Cole met his death on the 17th ult. from the effects of a sixpence, which he had accidentally swallowed 8 years before. After death a post mortem examination took place, when the coin was found lodged in the right bronchia, the lung being in a state of complete gangrene.

The American Board of Missions ha about one hundred mission establish ments, at prominent points of influenc throughout the globe, and its receipt for the past year have exceeded $260, 000.

The Macon and Western Railroads Georgia now extend from Savannah t Atlanta, a continuous chain of *two hun dred and ninety-two miles.* Passe gers are carried the entire distance nineteen hours, at the moderate price ten dollars.